TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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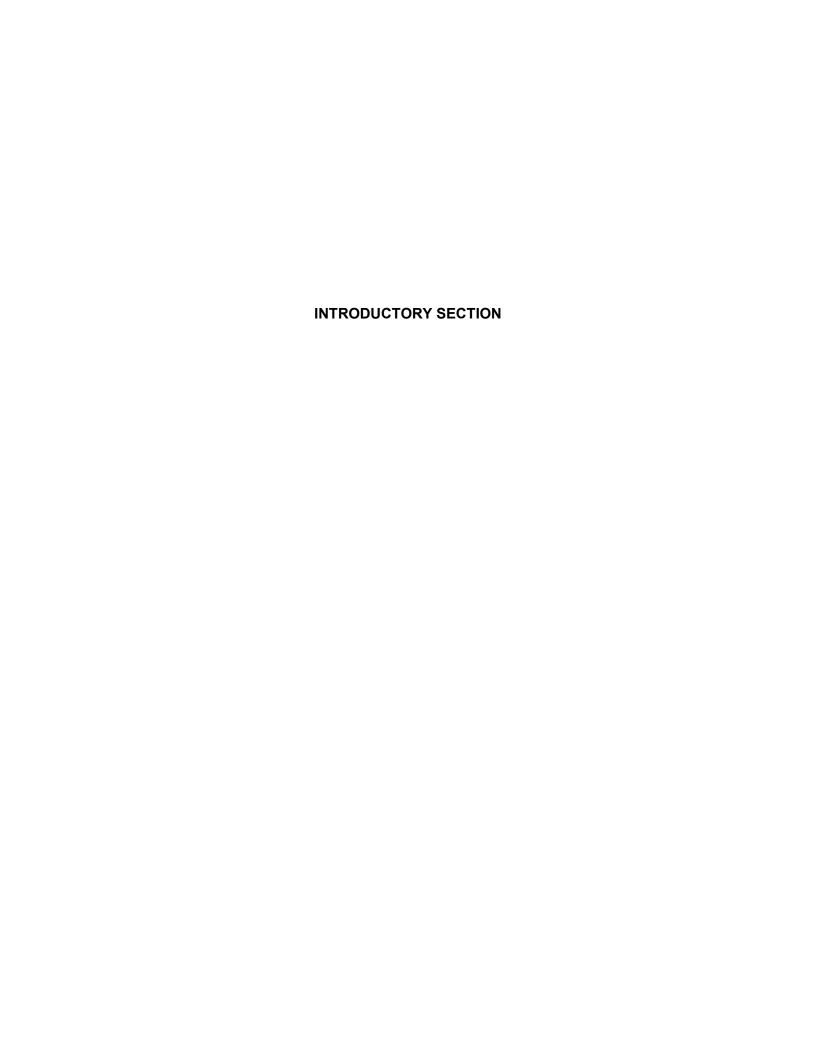
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TOWN of TOLLAND 21 Tolland Green, Tolland, CT 06084

December 13, 2022

To the Members of the Town Council and Citizens of the Town of Tolland:

State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Town of Tolland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Tolland. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Tolland has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Tolland's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits, the Town of Tolland's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than an absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Tolland's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Tolland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Tolland's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Tolland's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town of Tolland

The Town of Tolland first settled before 1715, is a residential community of 40.4 square miles with a population of 14,713. Tolland, originally a part of the Town of Windsor, was settled by people who felt that Windsor was becoming overcrowded and that their growing families were in need of homesteads. People had started moving to the east, to lands that had been purchased from the Native Americans.

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On April 18, 1713, a committee was appointed to lay out a settlement, and the General Assembly was petitioned to charter it as a town. When the Charter was obtained in 1715, the town was named after an English town in Somerset, and was incorporated as Connecticut's 49th town in May 1722.

In 1785, Tolland County was organized by action of the General Assembly and Tolland was designated the county seat. The costs of building the first courthouse and a jail were raised by town subscription. This jail (and three later replacements) proved to be unsatisfactory. The existing jail, of stone construction, was erected in 1856 and served the county continually until 1968 when the state decided to discontinue its use. In 1969 this jail and the 1893 jailer's home, became Town property and are leased to the Tolland Historical Society, and used as a museum.

A new courthouse replaced the original in 1822 at the center of the town green. It is recognized as one of five examples of early civic architecture in Connecticut.

The Tolland Green Historic District was placed on the National Register in June 1997. Several of the important buildings within the District have been adapted to serve modern needs while retaining the flavor of the older village.

The Hicks Municipal Building was built as the Ratcliffe Hicks Memorial School in 1908. The Hicks-Stearns Homestead is also a museum. The Tolland Board of Education building started life in 1830 as Tolland County Bank. Directly across from the Municipal Building, the town's original 1879 Town Hall, has become the Tolland Arts Center. The Courthouse recently became a museum of the Tolland Historical Society and leases the first floor to the French Canadian Genealogy Library.

The Town retains impressive remnants of its rural past and substantial areas of protected open space. Expanding commercial and industrial resources are notably bolstering the economic base of the Town but in a way consistent with planning designed to preserve the community's character.

Tolland is a Town filled with historic heritage, New England village charm, a growing population and an excellent school system, all of which combine to provide ample opportunity for business growth. Tolland's legacy includes a New England town green of substantial proportions as its signature amenity. Tolland Green is the heart of the community, and the area around it is preserved as a National Historic District. Included in the district are several of the Town's historic attractions, such as the former Tolland County Court House, the Old Jail Museum and the Hicks-Stearns Family Museum, plus a number of gracious 18th and 19th century homes. Many of these Colonial, Greek Revival and Victorian structures are still being used as residences and by several churches and businesses. Municipal offices and the Town Library anchor one end of the Green. A few miles from the Green is the Town's oldest home, the 1733 Daniel Benton Homestead Museum, which was restored by the Historical Society with grant funding thus symbolizing the value the community places on preserving its heritage.

Tolland is located 20 miles northeast of Hartford and approximately 90 miles southwest of Boston, Massachusetts. Interstate 84, a major east-west transportation corridor, bisects the Town. Bradley International Airport - approximately 25 minutes driving time away - provides convenient air connections to the rest of the country and the world. A majority of the Town's labor force is employed in the central Connecticut area, primarily in the financial services, industrial, governmental and higher education sectors. Significant to the Town in several ways, the main campus of the University of Connecticut is within 10 miles to virtually any point within the Town. The main entrance road to the University goes through Tolland which increases the Town's potential for further expansion of retail, commercial and multi-family housing in and around the travel way to the University. The University is in the process of a major expansion of its Storrs Campus that includes the development of a Business Research Park and an expansion in the number of students and faculty.

The Town is a growing outer-ring suburb of the Hartford metropolitan area. Ninety-three percent of its dwellings are owner-occupied and ninety-four percent are single-family homes. Land subdivision activity and housing starts have slowed down over the last 10 years due to the economic downturn, planned changes in zoning regulations and purchase by the Town of open space. There are indications of increased activity in the commercial and multi-family sector based on discussions with potential developers. Tolland has acquired much land for preserved open space, has an outstanding education system and residents that are actively involved in the community.

The Town has a Council/Manager form of Government, which was approved in 1972. The legislative function is performed by a Town Council consisting of seven members elected at large. The Council formulates public policy, which the Town administration is entrusted to implement. The Board of Education, which is the governing body of the school district, appoints the Superintendent of Schools to implement its policies and goals. The Chief Executive Officer of the community is the Town Manager, who is appointed for an indefinite term by the Town Council. Employment decisions associated with management directly reporting to the Town Manager shall be subject to the approval of the Council. The Manager has appointive and removal authority over other employees of the Town. The Town Manager and Director of Finance are responsible for the financial management of the Town.

The Town of Tolland provides its residents with a complete level of municipal services organized around six primary divisions:

- <u>Administration</u>: The Town Manager provides general supervision to all Town departments, which
 collectively staff 79.93 FTE employees. The Office of the Town Manager includes a Director of
 Administrative Services who handles the human resources function for all the Town employees.
 This office also provides clerical support for the Tolland Water System.
- <u>Planning and Community Development</u>: This comprehensive development office houses the departments of Planning and Zoning, Inland Wetlands, Building Inspection, and Public Health. This office provides clerical support for the Water Pollution Control Authority.
- <u>Community Services</u>: This division includes Human Services, Youth, Elderly, Library and Recreation Services. The Human Services staff provides staff support services to the Tolland Water System as well as various grant and construction project oversight.
- <u>Public Safety</u>: This division includes Police (under contract with the Connecticut State Police), a combination volunteer/paid Fire and Ambulance Department, Fire Marshal and Animal Control Services.
- <u>Public Works</u>: This division includes the departments of Highway Maintenance, Parks and Facilities, Cemeteries, and Solid Waste and Recycling. Engineering services are outsourced but the Town reserves the option of converting to a full-time paid Town Engineer if necessary. Department staff provides support for the Water Pollution Control Authority.
- <u>Finance and Records</u>: This division includes Financial Administration and Accounting, Town Clerk, Town Assessment Services, Revenue Collection, Information Technology and Registrar of Voters. The Finance Department provides financial reporting services for the Tolland Non-Profit Housing Authority, the Tolland Water System and the Water Pollution Control Authority. The Department also provides oversight for the shared Information Technology services and all central office needs.

The Town has successfully privatized and contracted out several municipal services. Examples include the construction/reconstruction of roads, refuse and recyclable collection, engineering services, sewer capacity and certain social service functions such as health and sanitary services through the Eastern Highland Health District. The Town is also part of a six Town regional health insurance program that allows for benefits to be administered on a self-insured basis. Information Technology Services are provided through an inter-town cooperative effort to share IT services with the Towns of South Windsor, Andover and Coventry.

The Town of Tolland provides water and sewer services to a small sector of the community. Approximately 504 residences, 34 businesses, 11 private fire services and 6 municipal buildings are serviced by the Tolland water system, while the Connecticut Water Company services other designated sections throughout the Town. The vast majority of the residents are on private wells and septic systems. Public sewers are available in the west central portion of the Town, which includes the expanded Business Park. The sewers have also been extended down to the schools, through the Gateway Design District and up Route 195 which has allowed for current and future economic development.

Budget Process & Budgetary Control

Budget Process - As demonstrated by the budgetary schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Town continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. In addition to budgetary schedules, NOTE 2 (A) in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements describes the budget process used by the Town. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. A five-year Capital Improvement Plan is presented, with the annual budget, but only the first year is adopted. The programs, as presented, are generally followed over the course of the five year planning period. The Capital planning process also incorporates a comprehensive debt management plan as part of the funding resource along with grants, pay-as-you-go and other cost sharing. The debt management plan is created in accordance with the Town's debt management policy.

Budgetary Control - The Town maintains budgetary controls with the objectives to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget, approved by the budget referendum. The Town maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary controls. Expenditures pursuant to the Town's Purchasing Policy are approved first through a purchase order signed by the Town Manager and the Director of Finance and Records. Encumbrances are reserved against appropriations made through contracts or commitments to vendors. Purchase orders that would result in an over expenditure of an appropriation are not issued until transfers or additional appropriations are made. The Town Manager may make unencumbered appropriation transfers between Departments for up to 3% of the department budget from which the funds will be transferred. The Council may by resolution transfer any unencumbered appropriations, balance or portion thereof from one Department, commission, board or office to another. Management approval is required for transfers within departments. Charter Section 9-14 allows for the Council, by resolution, to make appropriations to be funded by grants or gifts, and other additional and supplementary appropriations not to exceed an aggregate of ½ of 1% of the General Fund Budget in any fiscal year. All additional appropriations in excess of the limit must be approved by a public hearing process.

Local Economy

The Town's finances and financial plans remained stable for the end of the fiscal year with over 99.8% of general fund revenues received at June 30, 2022 including 101% of budgeted property taxes. General fund expenditures were 99.8% of the adopted budget. The Town also has strong reserves in an Emergency Declaration fund which allows for the provision of cash flow for emergency safety measures that will be reimbursed by FEMA and other Federal funding sources.

Tolland continues to balance land preservation with the expansion and encouragement of business growth. Exit 68 off Interstate 84 is the main access point to Tolland and the primary gateway to the University of Connecticut's main campus. The Town anticipates that the University's expansion plans, including the development of a research park, will create economic development opportunities in Tolland.

The 2019 Plan of Conservation and Development reflects a strong emphasis on economic development. The plan recommended that the Zoning Regulations be updated to facilitate the types of businesses the Town wishes to see in Tolland, and the Town completed a substantial rewrite of its commercial and industrial zoning regulations in 2021. Along with efforts to produce a regional economic development action plan, it is the Town's goal to be more aggressive in marketing opportunities in Tolland and the region for development. The 2019 Plan of Development promotes the Town's vision for mixed-use development. Studies show there is a market potential for restaurants, apartments, possibly a hotel and other uses. Tolland's updated Tax Abatement policy for businesses provide an enticement to attract new businesses.

In the Technology Campus Zone and Tolland Village Area, Tolland created an innovative Master Plan Overlay Zone option that provides additional flexibility for developers to encourage larger scale development with lessened risk.

The value of building permits have been increasing each year. The Town recently granted Special Permit approval to a 240-unit luxury apartment complex. Construction is expected to begin before the end of the year. This will result in an additional \$300,000 of revenue for the Town.

The Town and its Economic Development Commission have worked with property owners, developers, real estate firms and residents to promote business. Most recently an inventory of all commercial property was taken and an interactive map for developers, future business owners etc., was created. The program includes information such as utilities, zoning, etc. as part of the link to the property. This map can be found on our website at: <u>Tolland Vacant Commercial Properties Map - Google My Maps</u>. Our Economic Development Commission website also contains many resources for businesses. Resources for Businesses | Town of Tolland CT.

Tolland began to allow for drive-through in certain parts of Town, and the Town saw its first drive-through restaurant open in 2021.

The Town has collaborated with Bolton, Coventry and Mansfield to create a regional economic development action plan. It includes short-term low-to-no-cost initiatives, and longer-term actions for the four towns to undertake jointly.

Investment in Tolland's transportation infrastructure remains strong. We are making application for a Federal Bridge repair and maintenance grant to be used to update some of our older bridges.

The Town continues to work with developers to facilitate development through the Economic Development Commission. New business has included several small personal service businesses, a new medical facility, expanded drive-through and outdoor dining options, automotive uses and new home occupations.

The net taxable grand list of 10/1/2020 was \$1.29 Billion, representing an increase of .85% from 2019. Individually the real estate values increased by over \$7.2 million or .65%, personal property values decreased by \$610 thousand or 1.5% and the motor vehicle list increased by \$4.3 million or 3.2%. Real Estate values increased due to several new constructions, building permit activity and 32 homes that were receiving an assessment reduction due to crumbling foundations added back to the list. Personal Property decreased by 27 accounts with several losses due to COVID-19 impacted business closings. Motor Vehicles increased in value, while the number of accounts decreased by 629. The decline in the number of vehicles is mostly due to registration extensions granted by the DMV due to COVID-19.

Despite the decrease in the number of vehicles, there was a significant increase in value, which is due to newer, higher valued vehicles and older vehicles retaining their value.

Tolland remains attractive to business development with a median household income of \$118,194 (American Community Survey 2020). Tolland's unemployment rate was 3.3% in July 2022 vs. the State of CT 4.3% for the same period. As the economy recovers from the impact of the COVID pandemic the unemployment rates are declining.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Town has embarked on an aggressive long-term financial planning program. Specifically, it has developed, and continues to modify, a "Long-Term Fiscal Trend Analysis Report," which synthesizes several quantifiable variables into a document that forecasts long-term revenue and expenditure line items which make up the total Town budget. These variables include such indicators as Grand List Growth, intergovernmental revenue projections and forecasts in both municipal and educational operating expenses. The drafting of this trend analysis has helped the Town Manager's Office and Town Council immensely in developing affordability benchmarks. In conjunction with this, a debt management plan was structured to layer in debt issues for the next five years based on approved projects and anticipated needs. By employing this tool, it makes it readily apparent when new debt can be issued and when projects should be deferred to the future. The most recent long-term financial plan is in our current budget document under the budget overview section located on the Finance Department website: https://www.tollandct.gov/finance-department/pages/town-budget-information.

Financial Policies and Practices

Management Policies – The Town has formal financial policies for investments, debt management, capital financing, fund balance and other reserves, purchasing, post bond issuance tax disclosure policy, capital assets, multi-year financial forecasting and risk management. These policies are on our web site at https://www.tollandct.gov/finance-department/pages/financial-policies.

Fund Reserves – The Town Council approved Fund Balance policy requires a minimum level of fund balance 10% of the General Fund expenditure budget and also provides for detailed requirements for replenishment if the balance should fall below the threshold. It also includes that the preference would be to maintain at least two months of operating reserves if possible. Besides having a goal to maintain a General Fund balance of 10% to 17% of General Fund operating expenditures the Town has created several other reserve funds to address various emergency or other stabilization needs of the Town. These funds include a Municipal Tax Stabilization fund, Debt Service fund, Capital Non-Recurring fund, an Emergency Declaration fund, an Education Reserve fund, a Temporary Education COVID Reserve fund, a Town-wide Property Revaluation fund and a Utility Internal Service fund.

With the creation of the Capital Non-Recurring Fund, which allows more flexibility in investments, the Town employed the services of Webster Trust to oversee these investments. The fund has approximately 30% of investments in equities and the balance in United States government obligations. The intent of this fund is to serve as a future source of pay-as-you-go financing for capital projects.

Bond Rating – Due to its strong financial management practices, Tolland has maintained a credit rating of AAA from Standard and Poors Rating Agency since 2013 (Most recent rating was in August 2022). The Town also has an AAA rating from Fitch Rating Agency, which was recently reaffirmed.

Major Initiatives

The Town Council hired a new Town Manager, Brian Foley, in June 2022. He is in the process of familiarizing himself with the needs of the community and operations.

The Town Council has formed a Council Subcommittee to oversee the Tolland Firehouse Improvement project. The design work and bidding is in process for these improvements.

The Birch Grove School Project was completed and opened in August 2021. There were several minor back-ordered items, which delayed the closeout of this project with the State of CT Department of School Construction, and the final steps to close the project and associated grant are moving forward. This was a \$46,000,000 project that was fortunate to be funded by an 89% State Grant.

The Town continues to address the issue of residential/crumbling foundations, assisting property owners to find funding and resources to correct the problem.

The COVID relief fund for the Board of Education was provided with additional funds and has been continued for an additional year to assist the Board of Education with resources to address the safety needs related to the COVID pandemic response.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Tolland for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2021. This was the thirtieth consecutive year that the Town of Tolland has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the Town received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the 2021-2022 Budget from the GFOA. The Town has received this highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting for ten consecutive years. We have applied for the 2022-23 award and anticipate being eligible for it.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis would not have been possible without the assistance and support of many people. I would like to express our appreciation to all those who contributed to its preparation, including Laura Schwabe, Christopher Jordan and Noreen Botticello from the Finance Office. I would also like to thank the Town Council and the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa A. Hancock, CPFO, CCMO, CCGA, MPA

Director of Finance and Records

risa a. Hancock



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

Town of Tolland Connecticut

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

July 01, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director

Town of Tolland

Organization Chart

The Tolland Citizenry Registrars of Voters Planning and **Zoning Board of Town Council Board of Education** Zoning Commission Appeals .71 FTE Superintendent of Design Advisory Board Schools Administrative Services 2 FTE Town Manager Connecticut 3 FTE State Police **CERT (Community** .92 FTE & Emergency 4 Contracted Officers Emergency Management Response Team) Planning & Recreation & Human **Public Works** Library Engineering Finance & **Public Safety** Srvcs./Youth & Operations Community Adult Services Services Records 2.56 FTE Development Education Elderly Srvcs. 6.88 FTE (Outsourced) 5 FTE 1 FTE 3 FTE 2 FTE 4.71 FTE Fire Marshal Highway Assessment 1 FTE Eastern Senior Center Department 3 FTE Highlands 1 FTE 14 FTE Health District Fire & (Outsourced) Revenue Ambulance Collection 7 FTE Parks & 2.69 FTE Building **Facilities** Department Explorer Department 11.6 FTE 2 FTE Post Town Clerk 2 FTE Rescue & Dive Accounting 3 FTE Hazmat Information Technology Animal Control (Outsourced) .86 FTE

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

Town Council

Steven Jones, Chairperson
John Reagan, Vice Chairperson
Tammy Nuccio
Katie Murray
Sami Kahn
Lou Luba
Colleen Yudichak

Board of Education

Ashley Lundgren, Chairperson
Sophia Shaikh, Vice Chairperson
Jennifer Gallichant
Anthony Holt
Dana Philbin
Christina Plourd
Jayden Regisford
Christine Griffin
Jacob Marie

Brian Foley, Town Manager





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Council
Town of Tolland, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 13, 2022

As management of the Town of Tolland, we offer readers of the Town of Tolland's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Tolland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section of this report, as well as the Town's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the Town of Tolland exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$134,013,127 (net position). Of this amount, \$15,893,838 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On a government-wide basis, the government's total net position increased by \$4,591,642. Governmental and business-type activity expenses were \$71,654,530 while revenues were \$76,246,172.
- The total cost of all Town services for the fiscal year 2022 was \$71,654,530 of which \$70,744,719 was for governmental services and \$909,811 for business-type activities.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported, on a current resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$13,128,006, a decrease \$7,754,330 from the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance as of June 30, 2022, \$4,297,145 represents the combined unassigned fund balance in the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds and permanent funds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance on a GAAP basis for the general fund alone was \$12,437,728, a decrease of \$421,869 over the prior fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$10,230,012 or 15.54% of general fund expenditures and transfers out. Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$12,437,728 or 18.89% of general fund expenditures and transfers out. There was no restricted fund balance in general fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Tolland's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Tolland's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All of the resources available to the Town are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is rendered because the statements present all costs, not just how much was collected and disbursed. They provide long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Tolland's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. One can think of the Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the Town's financial health and financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Tolland is improving or deteriorating. It addresses the question of whether or not the Town is better or worse off as a result of this year's activities.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Tolland that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Tolland encompass most of the Town's basic services and include administration, planning and community development, community services, public works, public safety services, records and financial services and education. The business-type activities of the Town of Tolland are water and sewer operations. They are reported here because the Town charges a fee for providing water and sewer services to its customers, which are intended to cover the operating costs, including depreciation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Tolland, like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Tolland can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Tolland maintains 32 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Sewer Assessment, CDBG Small Cities, Emergency Declaration and Capital Projects, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 27 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the caption "other governmental funds." Nonmajor governmental funds include the Dog, Open Space Maintenance, Stone Pond Sewer Escrow, Tolland Townhouse Sewer Escrow, Lodge Activity, Open Space, Tolland Business Park, Town Aid Road, Recreation, Water Assessment, School Lunch, State and Federal Education Grants, Before/After School Program, Eviction Fund, Cemetery Operations, Training Center, Conservation Fund, Traffic Grant, Field Maintenance, Veterans Memorial, Emergency Declaration, Miscellaneous Grants, Artificial Turf, Cemetery Perpetual Care, Debt Service Fund, Agricultural Fund, Tax Stabilization Fund and Ratcliff Hicks Memorial School funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the *form of combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Tolland adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this authorized budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III-V of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Tolland maintains four proprietary funds. The *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Tolland uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer operations. The *governmental activities* include two internal service funds.

- The ECHIP Internal Service Fund is used to report activities that provide self-insured medical services for both the Town and Board of Education which are funded by other Town programs or activities.
- The Utility Internal Service Fund (UISF) is used to pay for utility related expenses for both the Town and Board of Education which are funded by other Town programs or activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water operations which is considered to be a major fund of the Town of Tolland.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VI-VIII of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Tolland's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits IX-X of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The combining statements and supplemental schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. Town of Tolland's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$134,013,127 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Tolland's net position \$108,165,623 (80.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment, water systems and infrastructure) less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of Tolland uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Tolland's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Govern Activ	imental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2022 2021		2021		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 45,170,964 144,545,730	\$ 40,830,416 140,470,058	\$ 2,129,944 7,670,361	\$ 1,892,324 7,954,904	\$ 47,300,908 152,216,091	\$ 42,722,740 148,424,962		
Total Assets	189,716,694	181,300,474	9,800,305	9,847,228	199,516,999	191,147,702		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	674,351	764,118	-	-	674,351	764,118		
Current Liabilities	20,390,589	14,218,769	226,652	184,448	20,617,241	14,403,217		
Noncurrent Liabilities	41,871,979	46,340,677			41,871,979	46,340,677		
Total Liabilities	62,262,568	60,559,446	226,652	184,448	62,489,220	60,743,894		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,689,003	1,746,441	-	-	3,689,003	1,746,441		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	100,495,262	86,869,703	7,670,361	7,954,904	108,165,623	94,824,607		
Restricted	9,953,666	6,925,865	-	-	9,953,666	6,925,865		
Unrestricted	13,990,546	25,963,137	1,903,292	1,707,876	15,893,838	27,671,013		
Total Net Position	\$ 124,439,474	\$ 119,758,705	\$ 9,573,653	\$ 9,662,780	\$ 134,013,127	\$ 129,421,485		

An additional portion of the Town of Tolland's total net position, 7.46% or \$9,953,666, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$15,893,838 is *unrestricted net position* and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Tolland is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the Town as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same held true in for the prior fiscal year.

Restricted net position in the business-type activities remained at zero and governmental activities increased by \$3,027,801 from the previous year.

The Town of Tolland's overall net position increased \$4,591,642 from the prior fiscal year. The major changes in revenues and expenses creating this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities increased the Town of Tolland's net position by \$4,680,769 and business-type activities decreased it by \$89,127.

	Governmental Activities			Busines Activ		ре	Total				
		2022		2021	2022 2021			2022	2021		
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$	2,704,909	\$	2,014,540	\$ 811,142	\$	794,696	\$	3,516,051	\$	2,809,236
Operating Grants and											
Contributions		17,199,006		23,262,433	-		-		17,199,006		23,262,433
Capital Grants and											
Contributions		6,606,364		29,482,565	-		-		6,606,364		29,482,565
General Revenues:											
Property Taxes		48,441,449		46,462,712	-		-		48,441,449		46,462,712
Grants and Contributions Not											
Restricted to Specific Programs		535,533		510,373	-		-		535,533		510,373
Investment Income		(164,693)		355,761	5,967		8,254		(158,726)		364,015
Miscellaneous		106,495		79,812					106,495		79,812
Total Revenues		75,429,063		102,168,196	817,109		802,950		76,246,172		102,971,146
Expenses:											
Administration		2,243,137		2,012,338	-		-		2,243,137		2,012,338
Planning and Community											
Development		534,461		528,407	-		-		534,461		528,407
Community Services		1,794,835		1,351,726	-		-		1,794,835		1,351,726
Public Works		9,680,456		8,158,702	-		-		9,680,456		8,158,702
Public Safety Services		2,800,998		3,207,753	-		-		2,800,998		3,207,753
Records and Financial Services		1,100,660		1,137,503	-		-		1,100,660		1,137,503
Board of Education		51,474,320		57,870,430	-		-		51,474,320		57,870,430
Contingency And Other		-							-		-
Interest Expense		1,115,852		1,573,133	-		-		1,115,852		1,573,133
Loss on Disposal		-		-	-		-		-		-
Sewer Fund		-		-	452,405		470,730		452,405		470,730
Water Fund					 457,406		375,927		457,406		375,927
Total Expenses		70,744,719		75,839,992	 909,811		846,657		71,654,530		76,686,649
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers		4,684,344		26,328,204	(92,702)		(43,707)		4,591,642		26,284,497
Transfers		(3,575)		11,425	 3,575		(11,425)				
Change in Net Position		4,680,769		26,339,629	(89,127)		(55,132)		4,591,642		26,284,497
Net Position - July 1	1	19,758,705		93,419,076	 9,662,780		9,717,912		129,421,485		103,136,988
Restatement				-			-				-
Net Position, Restated July 1				93,419,076							103,136,988
Net Position - June 30	\$ 1	24,439,474	\$	119,758,705	\$ 9,573,653	\$	9,662,780	\$	134,013,127	\$	129,421,485

Governmental Activities

For governmental activities, approximately 64.2% of the revenues were derived from property taxes, followed by 31.6% in other intergovernmental revenues. These numbers reflect an increase in property tax revenue and an decrease in intergovernmental revenue as compared to the prior fiscal year where property taxes were 45.5% and other intergovernmental revenues were 51.6% of total revenues.

Major revenue factors included:

- 1. *Property tax revenues* recorded during the fiscal year 2022 reflect a 1.06 mill increase in the mill rate for the current levy and the impact of a 0.85% increase in the grand list. There was \$1,978,737 in property tax revenues collected over the previous year.
- 2. Charges for services were \$690,369 higher than the prior year. The Board of Education Student Activities, other Education revenue and Family Resource Center revenues increased by \$475,753 and accounts for a majority of the increase. The recreation programs, Library and youth programs and lodge activity also reopened operations after the prior year impact of the COVID pandemic. This resulted in additional revenue of \$140,443. Property conveyance fees also increased \$67,862.
- 3. Operating grants reflected a decrease of \$6,063,427 mainly due to a decrease in State Teacher Retirement pension and OPEB expense for \$7,978,681, a decrease of \$114,769 in Education Cost Sharing, with some offset increases and decreases in other operating grants. Education Cost Sharing was supposed to decrease for the next several years by approximately \$330,000 annually as part of the State phase in plan to reduce ECS for Tolland; however, the State Legislature has frozen this process for the next couple of years. The impact of the decrease this year is mainly due to year-end adjustments in the Tolland allotment.
- 4. Capital grants and contributions reflected a decrease of \$22,876,201 over the previous year due to grants received for one-time school construction and other construction projects in the prior year.
- 5. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs increased by \$25,160, mainly due to an increase in the state payment in lieu of taxes allotment.
- 6. *Investment Income* is reflected as a loss of \$164,693 due to a loss in market value in the Hicks Memorial fund.
- 7. *Miscellaneous General Revenues* increased by \$26,683 over the previous year due to an increase in bond premiums from debt issuance of \$21,454 and \$5,229 from the sale of assets.

Overall governmental revenue decreased by \$26,739,133. This is mainly due to a decrease in State Teacher Retirement grants of \$7,978,681 as mentioned above and school construction grants for the Birch Grove School building project and other capital grants for \$22,876,201. These reductions were offset by increases in other capital and operating grants. Property taxes increased by \$1,901,179 and there was an increase in miscellaneous of \$26,683.

REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The largest component of revenue, which is from property taxes, increased to 64.2% of total revenue in the current year as compared to 47.9% in the prior year. This increase was mainly due to the proportionate share of overall revenues due to decreasing capital and operating grants and a loss in investment income.

EXPENSES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For governmental activities, 72.8% of the Town's expenses relate to education, 13.7% to public works, 4.0% to public safety, 2.5% to community services, 1.6% to interest payments on long-term debt, 3.1% to administration, 1.5% to records & financial services and contingency and 0.8% to planning and community development.

The overall total of governmental expenses excluding transfers decreased by \$4,580,794. Public Works Capital Asset costs and associated depreciation increased by \$2,036,233. The cost for the State on behalf payment for teachers retirement and school construction costs reduced Educational expenditures by \$6,396,110.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town of Tolland's net position by \$89,127. Key elements of this year's activities are as follows:

• The Water Fund had operating income of \$2,042 and the Sewer Fund experienced an operating loss of \$96,244 for a combined operating loss of \$94,202. The non-operating income of \$1,500 and transfers out to Capital Reserves of \$11,425, transfers in from general fund for Sewer Operations of \$15,000 brought the decrease in net position to \$89,127 at year-end. A majority of the operating loss in the Sewer Fund relates to the impact of depreciation expense.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Tolland uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Tolland's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Tolland's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Tolland's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,128,006, a decrease of \$7,754,330 from the previous year.

The largest change in fund balance was the decrease in the Capital Projects Fund of \$7,788,539. There were also decreases in the General Fund of \$421,869. The Nonmajor Governmental funds had an increase of \$456,078.

The general fund balance decreased by \$421,869 due to an excess of \$257,592 in expenditures over revenues combined with other financing sources and uses for a reduction of a net \$164,277.

The Capital Projects fund decreased by \$7,788,539 due to a delay in reimbursement requests for school construction grant payments for the Birch Grove School project. There is currently a unassigned fund deficit of \$5,932,867 due to the reimbursement delay. Once those funds are received the fund balance totals will increase.

The overall amount of the governmental fund balances totals up to \$13,128,006. Of that amount the assigned fund balance is \$1,161,385 which includes \$893,385 for encumbrances and \$268,000 for the subsequent budget. The restricted amount of the total fund balance is a restriction on spending grant receipts of \$467,597. There are balances committed for \$6,855,575. Of this amount, \$901,169 for the Education Reserve fund, \$145,162 for Municipal Tax Stabilization, \$972,452 for Debt Service, \$681,952 for Sewer Reserve bond payments, \$364,113 for Emergency Declarations Reserve and the balance is for other non-major funds and special commitments. An additional amount of \$346,304 represents the non-spendable portion of fund balance and the unassigned portion of fund balance is \$4,297,145 or 32.7% of total fund balance.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Tolland. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,230,012, while total fund balance was \$12,437,728. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 15.5% of total general fund expenditures including transfers out. Total fund balance represents 18.9% of that same amount. The unassigned portion of fund balance, when compared with unassigned last year portion for the general fund had increased by \$283,005 while the total fund balance decreased by \$421,869.

Key factors contributing to the changes in the *General Fund* were:

- Overall, the Town experienced an excess in revenues for \$1,063,309. The current and prior year
 property tax levy collections exceeded the budget by \$265,911 and interest and lien fees
 exceeded budget by \$56,915. Motor vehicle supplemental tax collections came in \$219,997 in
 excess of the budget due to higher vehicle pricing.
- Revenue collected in investment income and other revenues was \$32,818 less than budgeted mainly due to lower investment rates. The budget within this year was reduced to reflect the lower investment rates and the loss this year was far less than in the previous year.
- Charges for Services exceeded the budget by \$340,246. Of this amount, \$120,145 was for building permit fees that were higher due to an increased amount of home improvements and other construction. In addition, \$158,068 for Property Conveyance Tax and \$23,825 Document Recording fees due to more property transactions.
- Total Expenditures were \$90,258 less than anticipated. Of this amount, \$9,419 was unexpended from the Board of Education.
- The Town unexpended balance of \$80,839 mainly consisted of \$12,500 unexpended fees for the Fire Water Supply rates that were not as high as anticipated and \$50,000 for savings resulting from employee attrition/retirements and delays in the hiring process. Included within those wage savings are funds resulting from a few employees within the Public Works area that were out due to workers compensation claims. Their salaries were paid by insurance, which then resulted in budgetary savings. There were also additional savings in other departments due to other miscellaneous savings.

The Capital Projects funds reflects a temporary deficit of \$5,932,867. This is a result of revenues and other financing sources that were less than expenditures and other financing uses by \$7,788,539 due to the timing of capital projects and the bond issue and school construction grant reimbursements from this year resulting in this reduction in fund balance.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Tolland's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the water fund amounted to \$3,294,339 and \$6,279,314 for the sewer fund at year-end. This represented a decrease of \$2,001 for water and a decrease of \$87,126 for sewer. The decrease in water resulted from an increase in repairs and maintenance costs. While utility costs decreased by \$15,489, there were substantial increases in other operating expenses for professional services for a leak detection and costs associated with the repairs. The decrease in sewer is due mainly to expenses, including depreciation, not covered by user fees. The Sewer Operating expenses were \$18,325 less than the previous fiscal year. This was mainly due to expenditure savings in utilities, professional services and service charges.

The Utility Internal Service Fund operating revenues and transfers in were \$2,053,607 and operating expenses were \$962,458, when combined with non-operating expenses of \$161,473 and transfers-out of \$515,014, resulted in an increase in net position of \$414,662. \$200,000 of this increase was for a settlement payment made by Honeywell Corporation. The balance was due to savings in utility usage versus the estimated increase in tariffs. Total net position as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,095,757. Operating expenses decreased over the last year by \$26,674 due to reduced utility use. Operating revenues increased by \$218,270.

The ECHIP Health Insurance Internal Service Fund had total revenue of \$6,712,235 and operating expenses of \$6,841,608 resulting in a decrease in net position of \$127,184. The total net position as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,650,156.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budget of \$59,204,741 increased by \$989,859. The Town Council approved the increase to the budget to provide \$398,155 to the Education Reserve fund pursuant to the ordinance, which allows reserves to be set aside for the Board of Education from prior year savings; and \$398,155 to the COVID Reserve Fund for the Board of Education. This fund will provide funds for unanticipated COVID related supplies and services for the Board of Education. The Town Council and Board of Education entered into an agreement as to how these funds would be used. Additionally, pursuant to Town Ordinance, excess State revenue received for \$193,549 was transferred to the Municipal Tax stabilization fund for \$145,162 and \$48,387 to the Capital and Non-recurring fund.

During the year, actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis were \$59,040,947, which was less than the budgetary estimates by \$163,794.

Actual tax revenues were over budget by \$544,903 due to aggressive prior year's delinquent collections of \$77,913 (prior taxes) and \$56,915 (delinquent interest charges) and better than expected current levy collections of \$187,998. Supplemental Motor Vehicle fees were \$219,997 in excess of the budget due to more than anticipated motor vehicles added to the grand list.

Actual intergovernmental revenue were more than the budget by \$210,978. More funds were received for the Education Cost Sharing grant for \$193,549 resulting from prior year calculation adjustments and additional revenue allocated in the State Legislative approval process for their budget. The Town also had a reduction of \$16,770 in Miscellaneous Grants for additional grant funding received for the PILOT grant netted against other miscellaneous grant reductions.

Charges for current services exceeded the budget by \$340,246 due to higher than anticipated Building Permit applications, Property Conveyance and document recording fees. Investment income was \$27,139 under budget due to lower interest rates. During the budget process, we did lower the estimated amount for investment income; however, it was not quite enough. Other excess revenues received offset this shortfall. Other financing sources included \$112,756 for cancellation of previous year encumbrances for both the Town and Education.

Other revenues fell short of the budget by \$5,679. This shortfall came from less than anticipated funds from our sports leagues to assist with the cost associated with the Artificial Turf field. Since sports are slowly returning from the impact of the COVID pandemic, leagues were unable to do fund raising to support their payments.

The Town had an original budgeted appropriation for the use of fund balance in the amount of \$1,339,859. This entire amount did not have to be used mainly due to unanticipated excess revenues received for current and prior year levies, charges for services and expenditures less than budgeted. The actual amount of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles basis fund balance decreased by \$421,869.

Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis and other financing uses totaled \$59,114,483, which was less than budgeted by \$90,258. These savings are discussed under key factors contributing to the general fund increase.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

TOWN OF TOLLAND'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of depreciation)

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 14,881,115	\$ 14,881,115	\$ 50,858	\$ 50,858	\$ 14,931,973	\$ 14,931,973		
Construction in Progress	553,356	-	48,374	48,374	601,730	48,374		
Buildings	107,322,641	103,181,011	-	-	107,322,641	103,181,011		
Vehicles, Furniture, and								
Equipment	6,247,877	6,223,493	-	-	6,247,877	6,223,493		
Right to Use Equipment	242,419	346,312	-	-	242,419	346,312		
Plant and Pumping Station	-	-	1,380,165	1,446,121	1,380,165	1,446,121		
Water Distribution System	-	-	6,190,964	6,409,551	6,190,964	6,409,551		
Infrastructure	15,298,322_	16,184,439_			15,298,322	16,184,439		
Total	\$ 144,545,730	\$ 140,816,370	\$ 7,670,361	\$ 7,954,904	\$ 152,216,091	\$ 148,771,274		

Capital Assets. The Town of Tolland's investment in capital assets for its combined governmental and business-type assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, roads, rights of way, water systems, dams, bridges and sewer lines. The total increase in the Town of Tolland's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$3,444,817 or approximately 2.3%, with an increase of \$3,729,360 for governmental activities and a decrease of \$284,543 for business-type activities.

The Town's Governmental Activities type capital assets increase of \$3,729,360 is the net result of depreciation and deletions combined with the addition of the following assets:

PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT RECREATION CENTER IMPROVEMENT AND STORAGE	26,942 146,695
REFRIGERATOR AT LODGE	5,792
SOLAR PANELED PICNIC TABLE	9,198
TACTICAL LOCKDOWN/CABLING	15,337
2021 VOLVO WHEEL LOADER	228,492
SNO-BANDIT SB-14L SNOW PUSHER	5,650
2022 FORD F-550 SERVICE TRUCK	58,041
72" EXMARK MOWER	14,799
72" EXMARK MOWER	14,799
ALAMO TRAXX RC 28 MOWER	47,386
SNOWBLOWER	5,550
2021 FORD TRANSIT	39,854
2022 CAM SUPERLINE TRAILER	9,960
GLOBAL STREET SWEEPER	297,251
THERMAL CAMERA KIT/TELEMETRY KIT	8,778
REPLACEMENT OF RESCUE 240	346,946
HURST CUTTER	12,982
HURST RAM	9,597
HURST RAM	9,371
HURST SPREADER	13,677
REPLACEMENT OF AMBULANCE 640	37,651
FIREHOUSE 340/440 IMPROVEMENTS	141,280
FIREHOUSE 140 IMPROVEMENTS	27,479
STRYKER STRETCHER	20,711
AXON BODY CAM SYSTEM (3)	17,599
STRYKER STAIR PRO (2) (MODEL 6252)	7,565
DELL EXCHANGE SERVER	9,790
PEDESTRIAN PATHWAY	16,818
BIRCH GROVE SCHOOL	7,392,182

Business-type activities decreased by \$284,543 due to the net effect of depreciation. There were no additional assets for Business-type Activities.

Additional information on the Town of Tolland's capital assets can be found in Note 3D.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Tolland had total bonded debt outstanding of \$33,150,000, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Of this debt, \$16,089,525 is school related and \$17,060,475 is general obligation. The Town of Tolland's total debt decreased in the net amount of \$3,775,000 for additions, payments made and decreases during the fiscal year.

In October 2016, the Town was upgraded to 'AAA' from 'AA+' by Fitch Rating Agency based on revised criteria on prior debt issuances. The last bond rating before June 30, 2022 for the Town of Tolland was in September 2020 reaffirming an "AAA" rating from Standard and Poor's, and Fitch Rating Agency for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ times total tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for the elderly freeze grant. The current debt limitation for the Town of Tolland is \$325,784,998, which is significantly in excess of the Town of Tolland's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town of Tolland's long-term debt can be found in Note 3F.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Local and State Governments throughout the country, including Tolland, continue to deal with the global and national issues and the economic reality of the Federal and State budget deficits. In addition, are also compounded with the impact of the COVID pandemic. The Town Council and staff have continued to address these issues while still trying to provide first-rate services. There are continued efforts to grow the Town's tax base, retain current businesses and increase economic development opportunities. The Town continues to work with the Towns' of Bolton, Coventry and Mansfield to create a regional economic development action plan. Some significant items to note for economic growth are as follows:

- The value of building permits have been increasing each year. The Town recently granted Special Permit approval to a 240 unit luxury apartment complex. Construction is expected to begin before the end of the year. This will result in an additional \$300,000 of revenue for the Town
- The Town and its Economic Development Commission have worked with property owners, developers, real estate firms and residents to promote business. Most recently an inventory of all commercial property was taken and an interactive map for developers, future business owners etc., was created. The program includes information such as utilities, zoning, etc. as part of the link to the property. This map can be found on our website at: Tolland Vacant Commercial Properties Map Google My Maps. Our Economic Development Commission website also contains many resources for businesses.
 Resources for Businesses | Town of Tolland CT
- Tolland began to allow for drive-through in certain parts of Town, and the Town saw its first drive-through restaurant open in 2021.
- Investment in Tolland's transportation infrastructure remains strong. We applied for a Federal Bridge repair and maintenance grant to be used to update some of our older bridges. We have been awarded the grant and will begin these repairs at 100% funding.

• The Town continues to work with developers to facilitate development through the Economic Development Commission. New business has included several small personal service businesses, a new medical facility, expanded drive-through and outdoor dining options, automotive uses and new home occupations.

The new economic indicators were taken into consideration when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2022/2023. The Education Cost Sharing Revenue was held stable once again for FY 22-23. The Legislature has frozen the phase in reduction for two years and this will be the final year. We are uncertain if the future reduction plan will continue after this. For several years the Town adopted budgets at the first referendum. This reflects the support of the citizens for the Town's submission of responsible budgets. With some growth in other revenue sources, the increase in property taxes due to grand list growth, some planned use of fund balance and committed debt reserve funds, we were able to address services.

The 2019 Grand List was a result of the 5-year Revaluation process that brought property values in line with current market trends. There was a 3.8% or \$48,813,432 increase in the October 1, 2021 Grand List. This resulted in an increase of approximately \$1,811,466 in actual tax dollars generated based on the FY 21-22 mill rate. The value of these funds is factored into the FY 22-23 mill rate calculation.

When factoring in all the changes in non-tax revenue sources including the proposed reduction of State Municipal aid, we were fortunate to have an increase revenues. \$200,000 of unassigned fund balance was also used to provide some additional tax relief. The Town Manager and Finance Director have recommended cautious use of fund balance and there is a plan in place for the next budget to continue to responsibly plan for the use and the future needs to replenish fund balance.

In 2022/2023 the overall Town expenditure budget increased by 2.57% with a (1.43) mill decrease. The motor vehicle mill rate is now capped pursuant to State Statute at 32.46 mills. As we have on a regular basis over the last several years in response to the economic times, we have minimized, to the extent practical, expenditures while doing everything possible to retain or improve upon the quality of programs and services offered. Our budget philosophy is to focus on our ability to sustain over time essential services and programs and to address absolute needs in a prioritized manner.

Amounts available for the FY 2022/2023 appropriation in the general fund budget are \$59,710,999, an increase of \$1,496,117 over the fiscal year 2022 budget of \$58,214,882. A combination of increased costs for fixed items such as, insurance, utilities, salaries, employee benefits and other commodities along with a substantial change in the percentage decrease in State aid had the biggest impact on the fiscal year 2022/2023 budget. In order to achieve this budget level, cost savings measures were employed such as eliminating one time expenditure requests and funded them in the prior year with savings and savings in health insurance premiums using revised trend assumptions and some of the reserve balance.

In an attempt to meet the challenge of accomplishing the most with limited resources, the Town continued strong efforts to apply for several grant funding initiatives to address infrastructure and community needs. The Town was successful in obtaining grant funds to do road improvements, community development grants (CDBG-Small Cities) and other social service grants. The Project Manager/Grants Administrator continues to pursue opportunities in locating and obtaining more grants for the Town.

Tolland's unemployment rate decreased from 4.8% as of June 2021 to 3.2% as of June 2022. The State of CT unemployment rate decreased from 7.7% (June 2021) to 4% as of June 2022. These rates have been declining from COVID pandemic highs as related restrictions have been lifted and people began returning to the workplace.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Tolland's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance and Records, 21 Tolland Green, Tolland, CT 06084.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,402,228	\$ 1,790,535	\$	28,192,763	
Investments		3,610,167	-		3,610,167	
Property Taxes Receivable		1,204,971	-		1,204,971	
Intergovernmental Receivable		8,431,804	-		8,431,804	
Accounts and Other Receivables		2,027,243	339,409		2,366,652	
Other Assets		33,241	-		33,241	
Advance to Plan Administrator		3,148,247	-		3,148,247	
Restricted Cash		292,263	-		292,263	
Restricted Investments		20,800	-		20,800	
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		15,434,471	99,232		15,533,703	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		129,111,259	 7,571,129		136,682,388	
Total Assets		189,716,694	9,800,305		199,516,999	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		239,393	-		239,393	
Deferred Charge on Refunding		434,958	-		434,958	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		674,351	-		674,351	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		2,498,411	172,282		2,670,693	
Accrued Liabilities		405,287	-		405,287	
Accrued Interest Payable		439,570	-		439,570	
Unearned Revenue		1,929,675	54,370		1,984,045	
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable		10,615,000	-		10,615,000	
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due Within One Year		4,502,646	-		4,502,646	
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due in More Than One Year		41,871,979	 -		41,871,979	
Total Liabilities		62,262,568	 226,652		62,489,220	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,212,228	-		1,212,228	
Lease Receivable		725,000	-		725,000	
Advance Property Tax Collections		1,751,775	-		1,751,775	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,689,003	-		3,689,003	
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		100,495,262	7,670,361		108,165,623	
Restricted for:		0.040.000			0.040.000	
Grant Programs		9,640,603	-		9,640,603	
Endowments - Nonexpendable		20,800	-		20,800	
Perpetual Care - Nonexpendable		292,263	-		292,263	
Unrestricted		13,990,546	 1,903,292		15,893,838	
Total Net Position	\$	124,439,474	\$ 9,573,653	\$	134,013,127	

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Revenues (Expenses) and

			Program Revenues				CI	hange	s in Net Positi	on	_			
Functions/Programs	Expenses			harges for Services			G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES														
Administration	\$	2,243,137	\$	-	\$	474,586	\$	-	\$	(1,768,551)	\$	-	\$	(1,768,551)
Planning and Community Development		534,461		737,151				-		202,690		-		202,690
Community Services		1,794,835		344,294		70,079		-		(1,380,462)		-		(1,380,462)
Public Works		9,680,456		96,052		595,685		26,388		(8,962,331)		-		(8,962,331)
Public Safety Services		2,800,998		304,882		45,152		-		(2,450,964)		-		(2,450,964)
Record and Financial Services		1,100,660		153,666		-		-		(946,994)		-		(946,994)
Board of Education		51,474,320		1,068,864		16,013,504		6,579,976		(27,811,976)		-		(27,811,976)
Interest Expense		1,115,852		-		_		_		(1,115,852)		_		(1,115,852)
Total Governmental Activities		70,744,719		2,704,909		17,199,006		6,606,364		(44,234,440)		-		(44,234,440)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES														
Sewer Fund		452,405		356,161		-		_		-		(96,244)		(96,244)
Water Fund		457,406		454,981		-		-		-		(2,425)		(2,425)
Total Business-Type Activities		909,811		811,142		-		-		-		(98,669)		(98,669)
Total	\$	71,654,530	\$	3,516,051	\$	17,199,006	\$	6,606,364		(44,234,440)		(98,669)		(44,333,109)
		eral Revenues	S :							48,441,449		-		48,441,449
	G	rants and Con	tributio	ons not Restric	cted to	o Specific Prog	rams			535,533		-		535,533
	In	vestment Inco	me (Lo	oss)						(164,693)		5,967		(158,726)
	M	iscellaneous								106,495		-		106,495
	Trar	nsfers								(3,575)		3,575		
		Total Genera	l Reve	nues and Trai	nsfers	S				48,915,209		9,542		48,924,751
		Change in Ne	et Posi	tion						4,680,769		(89,127)		4,591,642
	Net	Position - Beg	inning	of Year						119,758,705		9,662,780		129,421,485
	NET	POSITION -	END (OF YEAR					\$	124,439,474	\$	9,573,653	\$	134,013,127

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Capital General Projects		•	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables Due From Other Funds Other	\$	13,971,494 1,555,148 1,994,002	\$	4,495,399 967,868 8,431,804 48,444	\$	7,130,206 1,107,951 1,251,100 - 33,241	\$	25,597,099 3,630,967 11,676,906 48,444 33,241
Total Assets	\$	17,520,644	\$	13,943,515	\$	9,522,498	\$	40,986,657
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts and Other Payables Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Bond Anticipation Notes Payable Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Tax Interest Lease Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Grant Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Cemetery Advance Property Tax Collections	\$	1,082,173 405,287 48,387 - - 1,535,847 843,955 226,339 725,000 - - - - 1,751,775	\$	900,584 - 10,615,000 - 11,515,584 - - - 8,360,798 - -	\$	8,445 - 57 - 1,929,675 1,938,177 - - 140,568 812,208 - 8,400	\$	1,991,202 405,287 48,444 10,615,000 1,929,675 14,989,608 843,955 226,339 725,000 140,568 812,208 8,360,798 8,400 1,751,775
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,547,069		8,360,798		961,176		12,869,043
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	_	1,046,331 1,161,385 10,230,012 12,437,728		(5,932,867) (5,932,867)		346,304 467,597 5,809,244 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		346,304 467,597 6,855,575 1,161,385 4,297,145 13,128,006
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	17,520,644	\$	13,943,515	\$	9,522,498	\$	40,986,657

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference are as follows:

Total fund balances (Exhibit III)		\$ 13,128,006
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation Net Capital Assets	\$ 257,550,673 (113,004,943)	144,545,730
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Property tax, sewer use, water assessment and community development block grant receivable - accrual basis change Grant receivable accrual basis change Allowance for doubtful accounts on interest and liens Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		2,031,470 8,360,798 (20,371) 239,393
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.		3,745,913
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds payable Other postemployment benefit liability Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred charge on refunding Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Notes payable Lease payable Bond premium		(33,150,000) (1,591,069) (1,212,228) 434,958 (1,198,714) (439,570) (8,168,312) (242,419) (2,024,111)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)		\$ 124,439,474

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Property Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for Services Investment Income (Loss) Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$ 48,316,022 15,601,834 958,255 22,861 9,321 64,908,293	\$ - 3,996,337 - (76,747) 269,191 4,188,781	\$ 3,024,430 1,673,177 (112,996) 63,684 4,648,295	\$ 48,316,022 22,622,601 2,631,432 (166,882) 342,196 73,745,369
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Administration Planning and Community Development Community Services Public Works Public Safety Services Record and Financial Services Contingency and Other Board of Education Capital Outlay Debt Service Total Expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	3,415,471 435,405 998,559 4,793,751 2,121,705 931,005 96,355 47,195,943 - 5,177,691 65,165,885	- - - - - - - 12,173,653	291,012 	3,706,483 435,405 1,445,291 4,795,766 2,236,140 931,005 96,355 50,424,286 12,173,653 5,858,149 82,102,533
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	(257,592)	(7,984,872)	(114,700)	(8,357,164)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond Anticipation Note Premium Transfers In Transfers Out Net Other Financing Sources	515,014 (679,291) (164,277)	196,333 - 196,333	91,395 479,383 - 570,778	91,395 1,190,730 (679,291) 602,834
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(421,869)	(7,788,539)	456,078	(7,754,330)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	12,859,597	1,855,672	6,167,067	20,882,336
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,437,728	\$ (5,932,867)	\$ 6,623,145	\$ 13,128,006

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (7,754,330)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	8,998,172 (5,232,455)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.	(36,357)
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	134,021 275,050
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	
Increase in property tax, tax interest and lien, sewer use, water assessment and community development block grant receivable - accrual basis change Increase in property tax, sewer use and community development block grant allowance for doubtful accounts	(26,135) (4,105)
Increase in grant revenue - accrual basis change Amortization of bond premiums	3,177,041 524,602
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Bond payments Lease payable payments Notes payable payments	3,775,000 103,893 781,681
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences Change in accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Net other postemployment benefit expense	3,156 46,275 (223,788) (148,430)
The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	287,478
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 4,680,769

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	A 47 774 44	0 4 47 774 440	* 40.040.000	
Property Taxes	\$ 47,771,11		\$ 48,316,022	\$ 544,903
Intergovernmental	9,300,75		9,511,732	210,978
Charges for Services	618,00	*	958,255	340,246
Investment Income	50,00	,	22,861	(27,139)
Other Revenues	15,00		9,321	(5,679)
Total Revenues	57,754,88	2 57,754,882	58,818,191	1,063,309
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	3,230,41	4 3,350,473	3,349,774	699
Planning and Community Development	455,01	9 463,641	453,446	10,195
Community Services	999,65	0 974,151	971,523	2,628
Public Works	4,540,09		4,515,192	49,972
Public Safety Services	2,170,89	9 2,121,985	2,104,824	17,161
Record and Financial Services	1,013,22	5 928,233	928,214	19
Contingency and Other	173,35	0 96,520	96,355	165
Board of Education	40,819,28	9 40,819,289	40,809,870	9,419
Debt Service	4,650,00	, ,	4,662,677	-
Total Expenditures	58,051,93		57,891,875	90,258
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(297,05	4) (227,251)	926,316	1,153,567
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances		_	112,756	112,756
Appropriation of Fund Balance	350,00	0 1,339,859	· -	(1,339,859)
Transfers-In	110,00	, ,	110.000	-
Transfers-Out	(162,94	6) (1,222,608)	(1,222,608)	-
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	297,05		(999,852)	(1,227,103)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	<u>-</u> \$ -	(73,536)	\$ (73,536)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			10,569,249	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 10,495,713	

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Bu	ies	Governmental Activities Internal	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,263,012	\$ 527,523	\$ 1,790,535	\$ 1,097,392
Advance to Plan Administrator	-	-	-	3,148,247
Accounts Receivable	127,431	211,978	339,409	7,483
Total Current Assets	1,390,443	739,501	2,129,944	4,253,122
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:				
Land	50,858	-	50,858	-
Construction in Progress	48,374	-	48,374	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated	-	-	-	-
Depreciation:	-	-	-	-
Plant and Pumping Station	318,839	1,127,282	1,446,121	-
Distribution System Total Noncurrent Assets	1,583,312	4,541,696	6,125,008	
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,001,383	5,668,978	7,670,361	
Total Assets	3,391,826	6,408,479	9,800,305	4,253,122
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	43,117	129,165	172,282	9,118
Claims Payable	-	-	-	498,091
Unearned Revenue	54,370		54,370	
Total Current Liabilities	97,487	129,165	226,652	507,209
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,001,383	5,668,978	7,670,361	-
Unrestricted	1,292,956	610,336	1,903,292	3,745,913
Total Net Position	\$ 3,294,339	\$ 6,279,314	\$ 9,573,653	\$ 3,745,913

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						overnmental Activities
	W	Water Fund		ewer Fund	Total			Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	420,874	\$	356,161	\$	777,035	\$	1,853,607
Other Charges for Services		34,107		-		34,107		-
Employer Contributions		-		-		-		6,712,235
Other Income		-		-		-		200,000
Total Operating Revenues		454,981		356,161		811,142		8,765,842
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Professional Services		95,242		40,949		136,191		_
Repairs and Maintenance		103,053		24,393		127,446		_
Service Fees		3,250		122,204		125,454		-
Materials and Supplies		21,607		4,726		26,333		-
Utilities		136,958		26,965		163,923		959,726
Administration		-		-		-		48,293
Employee Benefits		-		-		-		6,796,047
Depreciation	92,829			233,168		325,997		-
Total Operating Expenses		452,939		452,405		905,344		7,804,066
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,042		(96,244)		(94,202)		961,776
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):								
Interest Expense		-		-		-		(161,473)
Investment Income		424		5,543		5,967		2,189
Loss on Disposal		(4,467)		-		(4,467)		-
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(4,043)		5,543		1,500		(159,284)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(2,001)		(90,701)		(92,702)		802,492
Transfers-In		-		15,000		15,000		-
Transfers-Out		-		(11,425)		(11,425)		(515,014)
Total Transfers		-		3,575		3,575		(515,014)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,001)		(87,126)		(89,127)		287,478
Net Position - Beginning of Year		3,296,340		6,366,440		9,662,780		3,458,435
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	3,294,339	\$	6,279,314	\$	9,573,653	\$	3,745,913

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities		
	W	/ater Fund		Sewer Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Providers of Benefits	\$	437,454 (357,937)	\$	348,473 (174,715)	\$	785,927 (532,652)	\$	8,758,359 (1,008,795) (6,714,424)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		79,517		173,758		253,275		1,035,140	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers In/Out		_		3,575		3,575		(515,014)	
Interest Payments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		<u>-</u> -		3,575		3,575		(161,473)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets		(14,825)		(31,096)		(45,921)		_	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(14,825)		(31,096)		(45,921)		-	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income		424		5,543		5,967		2,189	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		65,116		151,780		216,896		360,842	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,197,896		375,743		1,573,639		736,550	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,263,012	\$	527,523	\$	1,790,535	\$	1,097,392	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	2,042	\$	(96,244)	\$	(94,202)	\$	961,776	
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Due to/from Other Funds		92,829 (13,036) -		233,168 (7,688)		325,997 (20,724)		- (7,483) -	
(Increase) Decrease in Advance to Plan Administrator Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		2,173 - (4,401)		- 44,522 -		- 46,695 - (4,401)		122,704 (46,337) 4,480	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(4,491) 79,517	\$	173,758	\$	(4,491) 253,275	\$	1,035,140	

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	OP Trust	F <u>Tr</u> EB S	Private Purpose rust Fund tevenson cholarship	N	Custodial Fund Ionprofit Housing proporation
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments:	\$	- \$	25,104	\$	140,484
Mutual Funds	1.5	80,765	_		_
Accounts Receivable	,-	-	_		22,579
Total Assets	1,5	80,765	25,104		163,063
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Postemployment Benefits Individuals, Organizations,	1,5	80,765	-		-
and Other Entities			25,104		163,063
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,5</u>	80,765 \$	25,104	\$	163,063

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		PEB st Fund	Pur Trus Stev	vate pose t Fund enson larship	N	ustodial Fund onprofit lousing rporation
ADDITIONS						
Interest and Dividends	\$	-	\$	21	\$	396
Charges for Services		-		-		6,964
Contributions		190,394		-		-
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		(181,301)				
Total Additions		9,093		21		7,360
DEDUCTIONS						
Community Services		_		_		4,009
Benefits		177,437		_		-
Total Deductions		177,437				4,009
						.,
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(168,344)		21		3,351
Net Position - Beginning of Year	1	,749,109		25,083		159,712
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1</u>	,580,765	\$	25,104	\$	163,063

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Tolland, Connecticut (the Town), originally part of the Town of Windsor, was chartered in 1715 and incorporated in 1722. The Town maintains a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works, education and social services.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

The Town has established a postretirement retiree health plan (OPEB) to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits to employees and their beneficiaries. The Town is required to make contributions to the OPEB plan and can impose its will.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component unit are reported as an OPEB Trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component unit.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement of Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Measurement of Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases funded by debt issuances, grants and General Fund appropriations.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for activities of the government's water operations.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the maintenance and repair needs of the sewer system. The Town of Tolland does not own its own sanitary sewer treatment plant and contracts for treatment with the Town of Vernon. The Sewer Fund pays for treatment on the basis of volume of waste and in accordance with sewer usage fees of the Town of Vernon. The major source of revenue for this fund is the collection of sewer use fees.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the fees associated with the utilities and the debt service on the ESCO project, along with future system improvements and repairs, and the self-insured medical activities of the Town and Board of Education.

The Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund is used to account for the activities for both Town and Board of Education for other postemployment benefits (e.g., health insurance, life insurance) that accumulate resources for other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Measurement of Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The *Private Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for student scholarships. None of the resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, can be used to support the Town's activities. The fund has a nonexpendable portion.

The *Custodial Fund* accounts for monies held on behalf of the Non-Profit Housing Corporation.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Water Fund and Sewer Fund and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

D. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

F. Restricted Assets

The Cemetery Perpetual Care and Ratcliff Memorial School Funds are restricted to expenditure of the investment income only for the donor-designated purpose. Any appreciation of the funds is also restricted.

G. Lease Receivable

The Entity determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the Entity's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Lease Receivable (Continued)

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The Entity has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Entity has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$25,000 for improvements and \$50,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	50 to 75 Years
Building Improvements	50 Years
Land Improvements	20 to 30 Years
Roads	30 to 50 Years
Bridges	30 to 50 Years
Sewer Transmission Lines	50 Years
Meters and Hydrants	50 Years
Vehicles	5 to 30 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 10 Years
Fire Equipment	20 to 25 Years

I. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections, lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB in the governmentwide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments, grants, leases, cemetery operations and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

K. Compensated Absences

Based on union contracts, certain Town and Board of Education employees may accumulate a certain amount of unused vacation and sick leave based upon length of employment. The amount recorded as a liability is based upon current salary levels. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – Net position restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Equity (Continued)

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents the portion of a governmental fund's resources whose use is subject to a legally binding constraint that is imposed by the Town Council that remains legally binding unless removed in the same manner. These constraints are set by the Town Council through an ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Council or finance director that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

The Town has a minimum fund balance policy that states that the unassigned fund balance of the Town must be between 8% to 5% of the Town's most recent approved operating budget.

O. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July 1 and January 1. Interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of appraised market value. A lien is placed on the property if real estate taxes are unpaid as of June 30 following the payable date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Property Taxes (Continued)

Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Town adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the financial statements of the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted annual budget. The budget is prepared by the Town Manager and submitted to the Town Council in March. In April, the Town Council submits the proposed Town budget for the year commencing July 1 to the public for comment. In May, the Town budget is presented at referendum for approval. After approval, the Town Council meets to set the mill rate. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- The Town Council is authorized to transfer any budgeted amounts between departments and to approve additional appropriations up to \$40,000 in the aggregate in any one year. All additional appropriations in excess of \$40,000 in the aggregate must be subject to a public hearing. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town approved additional appropriations of \$989,5859 from fund balance.
- Management is authorized to make budgetary transfers within departments but cannot approve additional appropriations.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level within a function.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Town Council approval.
- Encumbrances are recognized as valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

A reconciliation of the accounting treatment required by GAAP and budgetary requirements at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Revenues and Other Financing Sources		 xpenditures and Other Financing Uses	Fund Balance	
Balance, Budgetary Basis	\$	59,040,947	\$ 59,114,483	\$	10,495,713
Prior Year Encumbrances Liquidated		-	1,415,960		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Cancelled		(112,756)	-		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Still Outstanding		-	-		148,618
Utility Service Fund Transfer Nonbudgeted		515,014	515,014		-
Education Reserve Fund Beginning Fund Balance		-	-		503,014
Municipal Stabilization Fund Beginning Fund Balance		-	-		110,000
Education Reserve Fund and Municipal Stabilization Fund Transfers are not Budgeted		(110,000)	(543,317)		433,317
Current Year Encumbrances		-	(747,066)		747,066
State of Connecticut Grants for Special Education Excess Costs, Netted for Budgetary Purposes		790,622	790,622		-
State Teachers' Retirement OPEB On-Behalf Payment		121,840	121,840		-
State Teachers' Retirement Pension On-Behalf Payment		5,177,640	5,177,640		
Balance, GAAP Basis	\$	65,423,307	\$ 65,845,176	\$	12,437,728

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out-of-state-bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the state Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the state treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the state Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires prequalification of institutions with which the Town does business. The prequalification requirements include, but are not limited to, proof of creditworthiness, five years or more of operations, evidence of adequate insurance coverage, proof of state registration, and proof of compliance with state and federal capital adequacy guidelines. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut or up to the FDIC limit in out-of-state banks.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$24,513,034 of the Town's bank balance of \$25,856,747 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 21,927,359
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Bank's	
Trust Department, not in the Town's Name	2,585,675
	_
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 24,513,034

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2022, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$4,415,552. STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard and
	Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the Town had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities (Years)									
Credit		Fair		Less			M	1ore				
Investment Type	Rating	 Value		Than 1	1 - 10		than 10					
Certificates of Deposit*		\$ 1,852,159	\$	1,852,159	\$		\$					
Total		1,852,159	\$	1,852,159	\$		\$	<u>-</u>				
Other investments:												
Mutual Funds		3,359,573										
Total Investments		\$ 5,211,732										

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

	F	air Value	Level 1	Lev	Level 2 Level 3			
Investments by Fair Value Level: Mutual Funds	\$	3,359,573	\$ 3,359,573	\$	-	\$		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		3,359,573	\$ 3,359,573	\$		\$	_	
Certificates of Deposit		1,852,159						
Total Investments	\$	5,211,732						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. The Town does not hold any uninsured or unregistered securities at June 30, 2022.

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than state statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the state of Connecticut or political subdivision.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount invested in any one issuer. No more than 5% of the Town's investments were invested in any one issuer in which credit risk was applicable.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Town's investment policy, in conformity with applicable Connecticut General Statutes, authorizes investment in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and MBIA Class Plus Investment. The value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. Regulatory oversight for the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund is provided quarterly by the Investment Advisory Council and the Treasurer's Cash Management Board. Regulatory oversight for MBIA Class Plus Investment is provided by an investment advisory council consisting of members appointed by the municipalities. Other authorized investments include pooled and joint investments meeting the requirements of the policy, excluding those pools investing in "derivative" securities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; and obligations of the United States and agencies of the federal government.

B. Endowments Received

	P	Cemetery Perpetual are Fund	 lemorial School Fund	Total
Original Principal Received	\$	292,263	\$ 20,800	\$ 313,063
Net Appreciation on Investments		3,238	882,791	886,029
Total Value	\$	295,501	\$ 903,591	\$ 1,199,092

The original principal received remains in the net position on the statement of net position and is restricted for the trust principal, and in nonspendable fund balance on the balance sheet - governmental funds. The net appreciation on investments available for expenditures is included in unrestricted net position on the statement of net position, and in committed fund balance on the balance sheet - governmental funds and is spent based on the original criteria established by the trust. The Town's policy is to spend only investment income for the purposes of the trust.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Endowments Received (Continued)

The Town has interpreted the Connecticut Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (CTPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Town classifies as nonspendable fund balance (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in nonspendable fund balance is classified as committed fund balance until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Town in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by CTPMIFA. In accordance with CTPMIFA, the Town considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the Town
- The investment policies of the Town

C. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects		Nonmajor and Other Funds		Water		Sewer		Total
Receivables:										
Taxes	\$ 999,003	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	999,003
Tax interest	226,339	-		-		-		-		226,339
Leases	725,000	-		-		-		-		725,000
Accounts and Other	53,047	-		1,004,267		129,120		213,816		1,400,250
Intergovernmental	 19,555	 8,431,804		276,895						8,728,254
Gross Receivables	2,022,944	8,431,804		1,281,162		129,120		213,816		12,078,846
Less: Allowance for										
Collection Losses	28,942	-		-		1,689		1,838		32,469
Net Total Receivables	\$ 1,994,002	\$ 8,431,804	\$	1,281,162	\$	127,431	\$	211,978	\$	12,046,377

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 Increases		ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated or Amortized:							
Land	\$	14,468,253	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,468,253
Rights of Way		412,862	-		-		412,862
Construction in Progress			 553,356				553,356
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated or Amortized		14,881,115	553,356		-		15,434,471
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized:							
Buildings and Improvements		167,019,995	7,538,877		-		174,558,872
Vehicles, Furniture, and Equipment		16,642,804	889,121		261,568		17,270,357
Right to use Equipment		346,312	-		-		346,312
Infrastructure		49,923,843	 16,818				49,940,661
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized		233,932,954	8,444,816		261,568		242,116,202
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:							
Buildings and Improvements		63,838,984	3,397,247				67,236,231
Vehicles, Furniture, and Equipment		10,419,311	828,380		225,211		11,022,480
Right to use Equipment		-	103,893		-		103,893
Infrastructure		33,739,404	902,935		-		34,642,339
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		107,997,699	 5,232,455		225,211		113,004,943
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated and Amortized, Net	_	125,935,255	 3,212,361		36,357		129,111,259
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	140,816,370	\$ 3,765,717	\$	36,357	\$	144,545,730
	\$	140,470,058					
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	50,858	\$ -	\$	-	\$	50,858
Construction in Progress		48,374	 				48,374
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		99,232	-		-		99,232
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Plant and Pumping stations		3,177,279	45,921		20,000		3,203,200
Water/Sewer Distribution System		10,794,761	 -		-		10,794,761
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		13,972,040	45,921		20,000		13,997,961
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Plant and Pumping Stations		1,731,158	107,410		15,533		1,823,035
Water/Sewer Distribution System		4,385,210	 218,587		-	_	4,603,797
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being	_	6,116,368	 325,997		15,533		6,426,832
Depreciated, Net		7,855,672	 (280,076)		4,467		7,571,129

Included in the beginning balance of capital assets was \$346,312 of machinery and equipment, acquired through capital leases that was recorded due to the implementation of GASB Standard 87.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 272,536
Development and Community Affairs	173,834
Public Works	2,189,586
Public Safety Services	270,011
Board of Education	2,326,488
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 5,232,455
Business-Type Activities:	 _
Water	\$ 92,829
Sewer	233,168
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 325,997

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. The projects include new construction. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining		
Project Project	Date	Commitment		
Tolland Middle School Paving of Parking Lot	\$ -	\$ 259,506		
Tolland Middle School Bus Lot Paving	=	140,000		
Tolland BOE District-Wide Roofing	36,950	33,676		
Tolland High School Boiler Replacement	=	85,000		
Education Referendum 2016	5,980,967	3,619,033		
Birch Grove School Referendum	45,817,468	182,532		
Replacement of Rescue 240 Fire Truck	398,599	351,401		
Replacement of Ambulance 640	37,651	274,349		
Refurbish ET 240	-	180,000		
Replacement of Public Works Truck #53	3,244	74,091		
Zero Turn Exmark Roadside Mowers	27,618	28,000		
Parks and Rec. Open Space Plan	7,861,804	591,086		
Crandall Park Playground	26,942	13,058		
Firehouse Improvements	168,758	4,831,242		
Drainage and Construction (17/18)	189,667	10,333		
Drainage and Construction (18/19)	-	50,000		
2018 Referendum Bond Roads	2,416,028	2,583,972		
Drainage Construction and Design 192	83,162	52,152		
Drainage Construction (20/21)	804	177,931		
Drainage Construction (21/22)	-	102,735		

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund loans were generally used to transfer monies as a result of issuing bonds. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Receivable Fund Payable Fund					
Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	57 48,387			
		\$	48,444			

All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

				Capital	Ν	lonmajor		Total		
	G	eneral	F	Projects	Go	vernmental	Sewer	Т	ransfers	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	 Fund		Out	
Transfers Out:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	196,333	\$	467,958	\$ 15,000	\$	679,291	
Sewer Fund		-		-		11,425	-		11,425	
Internal Service Fund		515,014		-		-	-		515,014	
Total Transfers In	\$	515,014	\$	196,333	\$	479,383	\$ 15,000	\$	1,205,730	

F. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 36,925,000	\$ -	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 33,150,000	\$ 3,455,000
Premium	2,548,713	-	524,602	2,024,111	-
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	39,473,713	-	4,299,602	35,174,111	3,455,000
Lease Payable	346,312	-	103,893	242,419	103,893
Notes Payable	8,949,993	-	781,681	8,168,312	792,599
Net OPEB Liability	1,442,639	148,430	-	1,591,069	-
Compensated Absences	1,201,870	32,800	35,956	1,198,714	151,154
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 51,414,527	\$ 181,230	\$ 5,221,132	\$ 46,374,625	\$ 4,502,646

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund, and the Net OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town.

General obligation bonds and long-term notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2022
General Purpose:						
General Obligation	9/1/12	9/1/27	1.5-3.0	\$ 1.145.310	Various	\$ 447.120
General Obligation Refunding	9/1/12	9/1/25	3.0-5.0	1,445,100	Various	392,500
General Obligation Refunding	10/1/14	8/1/24	2.0-4.0	2,117,715	Various	865,855
General Obligation	10/15/15	10/15/35	2.0-4.0	7,275,000	Various	5,088,000
General Obligation	5/15/18	5/15/43	3.0-5.0	7,169,908	Various	6,280,000
General Obligation	9/15/20	9/15/40	2.0-5.0	3,583,582	Various	3,402,000
General Obligation Refunding	9/15/20	8/1/30	4.0-5.0	855,000	Various	585,000
Total General Purpose				23,591,615		17,060,475
School:						
School Improvement	9/1/12	9/1/27	1.5-3.0	314,690	Various	122,880
School Improvement -						
Refunding	9/1/12	9/1/25	3.0-5.0	6,579,900	Various	3,357,500
School Improvement -						
Refunding	10/1/14	8/1/27	2.0-4.0	7,517,285	Various	2,734,145
School Improvement	10/15/15	10/15/35	2.0-4.0	290,000	Various	252,000
School Improvement	5/15/18	5/15/43	3.0-5.0	2,170,092	Various	1,890,000
School Improvement	9/15/20	9/15/40	2.0-5.0	6,986,418	Various	6,638,000
School Improvement						
Refunding	9/15/20	8/1/30	4.0-5.0	1,355,000	Various	1,095,000
Total School				25,213,385		16,089,525
Total Outstanding				\$ 48,805,000		\$ 33,150,000

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and long-term notes are as follows:

	Bor	Bonds		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 3,455,000	\$ 1,030,863		
2024	3,485,000	879,038		
2025	3,300,000	745,638		
2026	2,840,000	632,263		
2027	2,120,000	548,438		
2028-2032	7,420,000	1,938,590		
2033-2037	6,110,000	1,021,225		
2038-2042	4,035,000	350,613		
2043	385,000	13,475		
Total	\$ 33,150,000	\$ 7,160,143		

Bond Anticipation Notes

On September 16, 2021, the Town issued \$10,615,000 of bond anticipation notes for a variety of projects, which carried interest at 1.00% and are due September 15, 2022. The bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Outstanding - Beginning of Year		4,505,000	
New Borrowings		10,615,000	
Repayments		4,505,000	
Outstanding - End of Year	\$	10,615,000	

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2022 is \$19,235,272. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Statutory Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limitation	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General Purpose	\$ 104,716,607	\$ 22,000,066	\$ 82,716,541
Schools	209,433,213	30,385,206	179,048,007
Sewers	174,527,678		174,527,678
Urban Renewal	151,257,321		151,257,321
Pension Deficit	139,622,142		139,622,142

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$325,784,998. All long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations. The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds and notes outstanding in addition to the amounts of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

Notes Payable

During 2011, the Town entered into a \$3,600,000 equipment taxable direct pay qualified energy conservation bond (QECB) lease/purchase agreement. The note has an interest rate of 5.11%, a tax credit rate of 5.01% (70% of tax credit rate of 3.51%), and a net effective rate of 1.6% and matures on June 29, 2026. Principal and interest payments are made biannually and vary throughout the life of the lease.

In October 2013, the Town entered into a \$9,598,157 equipment note to finance energy improvements across the Town's facilities to generate energy savings in the future. The lease had an interest rate of 3.49% and matures on October 2, 2033. During 2017, the Town refinanced this note entering into a new note for \$9,572,000, to pay off the old note. The new note has an interest rate of 2.12% and matures on October 3, 2033. The debt is being repaid with the savings resulting from the energy improvements that have been made. Honeywell Corporation was awarded the contract to do the work and the contract provides for a performance guarantee to be paid by them if contractual savings are not met.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Notes Payable (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Governmental	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Activities	
2023	\$	994,254
2024		980,626
2025		967,001
2026		953,373
2027		676,487
Thereafter		4,735,415
Total Lease Payments		9,307,156
Less: Amount Representing Interest		1,138,844
Present Value of Future Minimum		_
Lease Payments	\$	8,168,312

Lease Liability

The Town leases equipment for various terms under long-term, noncancelable, lease agreements. These lease expire at various dates through October 2025. The future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

	Gov	Governmental	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	Activities	
2023	\$	103,894	
2024		103,894	
2025		34,631	
Total	\$	242,419	

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

Equipment	\$ 346,312
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(103,893)
Total	\$ 277,050

NOTE 4 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the government funds at June 30 are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	 Total
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$	33,241	\$ 33,241
Permanent Fund Principal	-	-		313,063	313,063
Restricted for:					
Unspent Grant Proceeds	-	-		467,597	467,597
Committed to:					
Dog Warden	-	-		150,933	150,933
Open Space	-	-		134,427	134,427
Sewer Escrow	-	-		25,553	25,553
Lodge Furnishings	-	-		17,125	17,125
Business Park Improvements	-	-		19,165	19,165
Recreation	-	-		188,333	188,333
Water Assessments	-	-		230,074	230,074
Food Service	-	-		513,921	513,921
Education Programs	901,169	-		2,200,100	3,101,269
Municipal Stabilization	145,162	-		-	145,162
Cemeteries	-	-		122,165	122,165
Training Center Repair					
and Replacement	-	-		5,176	5,176
Field Maintenance	-	-		5,336	5,336
Veterans Memorial	-	-		267	267
Conservation	-	-		1,458	1,458
Library	-	-		96,318	96,318
Artificial Turf Operation	-	-		215	215
Agriculture	-	-		3,695	3,695
Debt Service	-	-		972,452	972,452
Senior Citizen Center	-	-		21,762	21,762
Youth Center	-	-		22,718	22,718
Emergencies	-	-		31,986	31,986
Sewer Assessments	-	-		681,952	681,952
Emergency Declarations	-	-		364,113	364,113
Assigned to:	00.000				00.000
Administration	80,006	-		-	80,006
Planning and Community	04 445				04 445
Development	21,445	-		-	21,445
Community Services	7,989	-		-	7,989
Environmental Maintenance	172,007	-		-	172,007
Public Safety Services	51,790	-		-	51,790
Records and Financial Services	30,872	-		-	30,872
Contingency	14,330	-		-	14,330
Education	514,946	-		-	514,946
Contribution to Next Fiscal	000,000				000,000
Budget	268,000	(F 022 027)		-	268,000
Unassigned	 10,230,012	(5,932,867)			 4,297,145
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,437,728	\$ (5,932,867)	\$	6,623,145	\$ 13,128,006

Significant encumbrances of \$893,385 at June 30 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Pension Plan - Defined Contribution

The Town is the administrator of a single employer, defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan covers substantially all Town and Board of Education employees except elected officials and certified teachers. Contributions are established and amended by the approval of the Town Council.

Summary Plan Description

All full-time Town employees who work at least 25 hours a week and all Board of Education employees who work 1,000 hours or more per year are required, as a condition of employment, to participate in the plan, except for elected officials and certified teachers. Eligible employees must be at least 18 years of age on or prior to their date of employment. Benefits vest 100% after five years. Any nonvested Town contributions and related interest thereon of employees who leave employment are reserved in a forfeiture account to offset future Town contributions. Normal retirement date is age 65. Plan provisions and the authority to amend the provisions are established by Town ordinance.

Contribution Requirements/Contributions Made

The employer contribution for Town and Board of Education employees for the plan year is 6% of earnings. The total Town and Board of Education contribution during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$549,486 and represented 6% of covered payroll. The employees' required contributions were \$223,063 and represented 2.5% of covered payroll. The Town fully funded required employer's contributions and members who left the Town employment during a year have forfeiture assets in the amount of \$126,520 which will be available for future contributions.

Employer and Employee Obligations

Members are required to contribute 2.5% of their annual earnings. The Town is required to contribute 6% of the members' annual earnings.

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the state Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$5,177,640 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Town Total

\$

61,834,433 \$ 61,834,433

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,991,556 in Exhibit II.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00% - 6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90% Net of Pension Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

 There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

 There were no changes in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Expected	Target
Return	Allocation
5.60 %	20.00 %
6.00	11.00
7.90	9.00
2.10	16.00
1.10	5.00
2.70	5.00
4.00	6.00
4.50	10.00
7.30	10.00
2.90	7.00
0.40	1.00
	100.00 %
	5.60 % 6.00 7.90 2.10 1.10 2.70 4.00 4.50 7.30 2.90

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that state contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Retiree Medical Program

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Retiree Medical Program (RMP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Description

The RMP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town. The RMP provides medical and dental benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Town nonunion, Board of Education certified, and Board of Education noncertified groups are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Retiree Medical Program (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Management of the postemployment benefits plan is vested with the Town manager and director of finance. Policy oversight is provided by the OPEB Trust Committee, which consists of four members: the Town manager, director of finance and records, Tolland superintendent of schools and business manager for the Board of Education.

At July 1, 2022 plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree
	Medical
	Program
Retired Members and	
Spouses of Retired Members	87
Active Plan Members	250
Total	337

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

		l	Monthly Weighted Average				
			niums				
		Er	nployee	Spouse			
Medical - Town	Pre 65	\$	697.88	\$	565.23		
	Post 65		289.94		289.94		
Medical - BOE	Pre 65		697.88		697.88		
	Post 65		371.50		371.50		
Dental			53.71		77.93		

Employer contributions to the plan of \$547,000 were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Retiree Medical Program (Continued)

Investments

Investment Policy

OPEB Benefits Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the OPEB Trust Committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the OPEB Trust Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Trust requires the funds to be invested in VantageCare RHS Employer Investment Program which is specifically designed to reach goals.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (10.32%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,171,834
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,580,765
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,591,069
146t Of EB Eldbillty	Ψ	1,001,000

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a

Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 49.84%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 3.15%, Average, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.0%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% in 2020, Reducing 0.2% Each Year to a

Final 4.4% in 2031 and Later

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Retiree Medical Program (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)</u>

Mortality rates for teachers and administrators were based on the PUB-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees, Public Safety and Teachers), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020. For all others, RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males and Females, with generational project per Scale AA; separate tables for active employees and annuitants.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. A full actuarial experience study has not been completed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Short Bonds	27.55 %	0.80 %
U.S. Large Caps	23.55	5.25
U.S. Core Fixed Income	19.10	1.42
U.S. High Yield Bonds	9.65	4.00
U.S. Inflation-Indexed Bonds	7.50	0.75
Foreign Developed Equity	6.35	5.75
U.S. Mid Caps	3.95	5.75
U.S. Small Caps	1.40	5.75
Emerging Markets Equity	0.95	7.75
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Retiree Medical Program (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPE	B Pla	Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
	Liability	N	let Position		Liability	
	(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$ 3,191,	748 \$	1,749,109	\$	1,442,639	
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	65,	458	-		65,458	
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	190,	186	-		190,186	
Differences between expected and						
Actual Experience	(98,	121)	-		(98,121)	
Employer Contributions		-	133,709		(133,709)	
Contributions - TRB Subsidy		-	56,685		(56,685)	
Net Investment Income		-	(181,301)		181,301	
Benefit Payments	(177,	437)	(177,437)			
Net Changes	(19,	914)	(168,344)		148,430	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 3,171,	834 \$	1,580,765	\$	1,591,069	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% higher than the current rate:

		Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,872,700	\$	1,591,069	\$	1,344,237	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	Healthcare Cost	Healthcare Cost	Healthcare Cost
	Trend Rates	Trend Rates	Trend Rates
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,265,992	\$ 1,591,069	\$ 1,972,904

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Retiree Medical Program (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$(126,932). At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	-	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and		<u>'</u>		
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	85,859	\$	461,956
Changes of Assumptions		-		750,272
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience		153,534		_
Total	\$	239,393	\$	1,212,228

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2023	\$ 224,712
2024	226,790
2025	231,679
2026	73,662
2027	56,817
Thereafter	159,175

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at state schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the state Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued

Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the System. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A and B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the state pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplemental Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, state employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and five years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The state contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The state appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are financed by the state. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut Statutes, it is assumed the state will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$121,840 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of
the Net OPEB Liability \$ State's Proportionate Share of
the Net OPEB Liability
Associated with the Town
Total \$ 6,736,748

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of (\$248,767) in Exhibit II.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health Care Costs Trend Rate 5.125% for 2020, Decreasing to an Ultimate

Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Salary Increases 3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return 2.17% Net of OPEB Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Year Fund Net Position will

be Depleted 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.21% to 2.17%.
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated Medicare and prescription drug claim experience based on scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024.

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

 There were no changes to benefit terms in the two years preceding the measurement date.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.17%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual state contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2023 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate</u>

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 7 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to public officials and police liability; Board of Education liability; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2022. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year.

Health Insurance Internal Service Fund

The Health Insurance Fund (the Fund), which has been recorded as an Internal Service Fund, was established to provide medical and dental health coverage for all eligible Town and Board of Education employees. The Fund is substantially funded by the Town's General Fund based upon estimates for the number of employees and type of coverage (single or family) as well as trends in the costs of coverage and costs of administration. The program's general objectives are to provide the members of the health insurance program with lower costs for coverage and to develop a systematic method to control health costs through wellness initiatives.

NOTE 7 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

Health Insurance Internal Service Fund (Continued)

The Town and Board of Education participate in the Eastern Connecticut Health Insurance Program (ECHIP). This group consists of five entities, the Towns and Boards of Education of Coventry, Tolland, Plainfield and Putnam, and also includes EASTCONN, a regional educational service center. This partnership is the first in the state of Connecticut and was formed with a goal to reduce costs through collaboration. A third party administers the plan for which the Fund pays a fee. The Fund has purchased individual stop loss coverage of \$150,000 per claim.

The Town has advanced cash to ECHIP to fund claims on an ongoing basis. These amounts are held by ECHIP on behalf of the Town and are reported as Advance to plan administrator in the Internal Service Fund on the proprietary fund statement of net position.

The Town's health self-insurance fund is used to account for medical insurance coverage for Town and Board of Education employees. The Town examines the coverage on a yearly basis to determine adequate coverage and minimize risk. A schedule of changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, are as follows:

			C	laims and				
	Clain	ns Payable	C	hanges in			Clai	ms Payable
		July 1	[Estimates	С	laims Paid		June 30
2020-2021	\$	474,273	\$	6,578,967	\$	6,559,629	\$	493,611
2021-2022		493,611		6,796,047		6,791,567		498,091

B. Contingent Liabilities

The Town is periodically the subject of litigation by a variety of plaintiffs. The Town's management, based on the advice of counsel, believes that such amounts claimed by these plaintiffs, net of the applicable insurance coverage, are immaterial.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although, based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 8 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 15, 2022, the Town issued \$9,170,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes for a variety of projects. The notes carry interest at 3.75%, and they are due on September 14, 2023. On September 15, 2022, the Town issued \$2,640,000 of general obligation bonds for a variety of projects. The bonds carry interest between 3.125% to 5.00% and mature serially through September 15, 2037.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Town	\$ 61,834,433	\$ 78,072,943	\$ 68,093,479	\$ 54,504,028	\$ 59,256,551	\$ 62,516,115	\$ 49,337,774	\$ 45,543,825
Total	\$ 61,834,433	\$ 78,072,943	\$ 68,093,479	\$ 54,504,028	\$ 59,256,551	\$ 62,516,115	\$ 49,337,774	\$ 45,543,825
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 18,179,180	\$ 17,593,194	\$ 17,698,053	\$ 17,279,176	\$ 16,181,359	\$ 16,928,720	\$ 17,285,173	\$ 17,474,844
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

 Changes in Benefit Terms
 None

 Changes of Assumptions
 None

 Actuarial Cost Method
 Entry a

Amortization Method Level percent of pay, closed, grading to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method Four-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.25%-6.50%, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, net of investment-related expense

Notes:

- * This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT OPEB SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2022		2021			2020	 2019	 2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability:									
Service Cost	\$	65,458	\$	70,900	\$	98,441	\$ 130,972	\$ 137,121	\$ 129,359
Interest		190,186		212,230		202,455	294,142	289,134	287,531
Changes of Benefit Terms									
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(98,121)		(313,276)		144,398	(279,634)	-	-
Changes of Assumptions		-		(189,595)		-	(1,309,039)	-	-
Benefit Payments		(177,437)		(107,996)		(397,455)	(268,458)	 (402,893)	 (393,092)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(19,914)		(327,737)		47,839	(1,432,017)	23,362	23,798
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		3,191,748		3,519,485		3,471,646	 4,903,663	4,880,301	4,856,503
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		3,171,834		3,191,748		3,519,485	3,471,646	4,903,663	4,880,301
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:									
Contributions - Employer		133,709		116,417		434,552	325,723	444,283	473,839
Contributions - TRB Subsidy		56,685		65,947		64,947	-	-	-
Net Investment Income		(181,301)		234,653		55,519	61,219	45,139	71,772
Benefit Payments		(177,437)		(107,996)		(397,455)	(268,458)	(402,893)	(393,092)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(168,344)		309,021		157,563	118,484	86,529	 152,519
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,749,109		1,440,088		1,282,525	1,164,041	1,077,512	924,993
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		1,580,765		1,749,109		1,440,088	1,282,525	1,164,041	1,077,512
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,591,069	\$	1,442,639	\$	2,079,397	\$ 2,189,121	\$ 3,739,622	\$ 3,802,789
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the									
Total OPEB Liability		49.84%		54.80%		40.92%	36.94%	23.74%	22.08%
Covered Payroll	\$	17,091,640	\$	17,091,640	\$	16,895,065	\$ 16,323,734	\$ 16,323,734	\$ 16,844,405
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		9.31%		8.44%		12.31%	13.41%	22.91%	22.58%

^{*} Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT OPEB SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	 2020		2021		2022
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 547,000	\$ 485,000	\$ 508,000	\$ 447,781	\$	466,488	\$ 437,420	\$ 446,295	\$ 303,217	\$	313,173	\$	252,386
Determined Contribution	 549,000	483,000	 512,000	457,613	_	473,839	444,283	325,723	 434,552	_	116,417		133,709
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (2,000)	\$ 2,000	\$ (4,000)	\$ (9,832)	\$	(7,351)	\$ (6,863)	\$ 120,572	\$ (131,335)	\$	196,756	\$	118,677
Covered Payroll	N/A	\$ 22,286,770	\$ 22,286,770	\$ 16,844,405	\$	16,844,405	\$ 16,323,734	\$ 16,323,734	\$ 16,895,065	\$	17,091,640	\$ ^	17,630,027
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	2.17%	2.30%	2.72%		2.81%	2.72%	2.00%	2.57%		0.68%		0.76%

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization Period 12 years

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial value - 5-year smoothing period

Inflation 2.409

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% in 2020, reducing 0.2% each year to a final 4.4% per year rate for 2031 and later.

Salary Increases Graded by service for Teachers and Administrators, and 3.15%, average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement Age Scale from 15% at age 59 with 20 years of service, to 100% at age 70 with 20 years of service.

Mortality Teachers and Administrators: PUB-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees,)

Public Safety and Teachers), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020. For All others, RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females with generational

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT OPEB SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	-10.32%	16.21%	4.14%	5.05%	4.06%	7.39%

^{*} Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT OPEB

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2022			2021		2020		2019	2018
Town's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ - 9		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Town	6,736,748			11,644,582		10,619,563		10,495,900	15,251,964
Total	\$	6,736,748	\$	\$ 11,644,582		10,619,563	\$ 10,495,900		\$ 15,251,964
Town's Covered Payroll	\$	18,179,180	\$	17,593,194	\$	17,698,053	\$	17,279,176	\$ 16,181,359
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.11%			2.50%		2.08%		1.49%	1.79%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms None

Changes of Assumptions Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of

June 30, 2021 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2021;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience based on

scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Investment Rate of Return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price Inflation 2.75%

Notes:

- * This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It accounts for all activities in relation to the normal recurring operations of the Town. These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

The Board of Education Reserve Fund is accounted for on the Town's general ledger. It provides funding resources solely for future Board of Education capital, technology, and/or unanticipated special education funding needs. The Board of Education Special Reserve Fund is funded through unexpended funds of the school district from the prior fiscal year's budgeted appropriation, not to exceed 1% of the Board of Education's adopted budget for the given fiscal year. After the Board of Education has approved a funding request, they shall provide a written request to the Town Council for these funds. The appropriation shall not be considered until the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year. If prior to the appropriation being made, the state of Connecticut reduces and/or withholds ECS revenue in an amount greater than provided for in the Town budget, the appropriation request of the BOE may be denied in part or whole. All income derived from said fund in any securities shall be paid into the Town's General fund and become a part thereof.

The Tax Stabilization Fund (TSF) is accounted for on the Town's general ledger. The Town's general tax revenues are sensitive to economic conditions as well as actions taken by state and federal government. Unanticipated revenue shortfalls during a fiscal year are usually addressed through reductions to services or increased taxes. The TSF program is established for sound financial management and fiscal accountability and enforces spending discipline by setting aside monies received from higher than anticipated state revenues allocated to the Town after formal adoption of the Town budget for the next fiscal year. The TSF program may also reduce Town borrowing costs due to stronger bond ratings. The purpose of the TSF is to set aside revenue in a fund which does not lapse at the end of the municipal fiscal year, which monies would then be available when revenue is stagnant or in decline and may be expended to prevent large tax increases and protect against the reduction of services in future years.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCESBUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Droporty Toyog				
Property Taxes:	Φ 40.7E4.040	Φ 40 754 040	# 40 040 040	Φ 407.000
Current Year Levy	\$ 46,754,212	\$ 46,754,212	\$ 46,942,210	\$ 187,998
Prior Year Levy	282,257	282,257	360,170	77,913
Interest and Lien Fees	160,000	160,000	216,915	56,915
Motor Vehicle Supplement	556,650	556,650	776,647	219,997
Suspense	1,000	1,000	2,114	1,114
Telecommunications Access Line	17,000	17,000	17,966	966
Total Property Taxes	47,771,119	47,771,119	48,316,022	544,903
Intergovernmental:				
Education:				
Adult Education	6,773	6,773	7,432	659
Education Equalization	8,775,218	8,775,218	8,968,767	193,549
Total Education	8,781,991	8,781,991	8,976,199	194,208
General Government:				
PILOT State-Owned Property	24,569	24,569	47,277	22,708
SDE/MH and AS/DEEP Grants	27,976	27,976	23,679	(4,297)
Civil Defense Grant	6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Miscellaneous Grants	38,382	38,382	35,612	(2,770)
Veterans	6,900	6,900	7,802	902
Town Clerk Preservation	5,500	5,500	5,500	-
Disability Grant	1,395	1,395	1,622	227
MRSA: Municipal Projects	85,064	85,064	85,064	
MRSA: Sales Tax Funds	322,977	322,977	322,977	-
Total General Government	518,763	518,763	535,533	16,770
Total Intergovernmental	9,300,754	9,300,754	9,511,732	210,978

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCESBUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Variance with
	Original	Final		Final
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Charges for Services:				
Building Permit Fees	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 340,145	\$ 120,145
Fines, Fees, and Penalties	300	300	(97)	(397)
Pistol Permits	4,500	4,500	6,930	2,430
Zoning Permit Fees	8,200	8,200	9,495	1,295
General Permits	-	-	250	250
Town Clerk	17,500	17,500	32,847	15,347
Library Fees	7,500	7,500	5,052	(2,448)
Motor Vehicle Fine	16,000	16,000	17,955	1,955
Planning and Zoning and IWWC	2,000	2,000	14,451	12,451
Rents/PILOT	32,069	32,069	37,998	5,929
Property Conveyance Tax	170,000	170,000	328,068	158,068
Document Recording Fees	80,000	80,000	103,825	23,825
Map and Copy Sales	12,000	12,000	15,556	3,556
Notary Fees	1,000	1,000	1,438	438
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,800	1,800	1,173	(627)
Public Safety Services	1,000	1,000	446	(554)
Town Preservation	5,000	5,000	5,571	571
Ambulance	39,140	39,140	37,152	(1,988)
Total Charges for Services	618,009	618,009	958,255	340,246
Investment Income:				
General Fund	50,000	50,000	22,861	(27,139)
Other Revenues	15,000	15,000	9,321	(5,679)
Total Revenues	57,754,882	57,754,882	58,818,191	1,063,309
Other Financing Sources: Cancellation of Prior				
Year Encumbrances	-	-	112,756	112,756
Appropriation of Fund Balance	350,000	1,339,859	-	(1,339,859)
Transfers in	110,000	110,000	110,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	460,000	1,449,859	222,756	(1,227,103)
Total Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources	\$ 58,214,882	\$ 59,204,741	\$ 59,040,947	\$ (163,794)

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND TUBES AND OTHER FINANCING USES

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Administrativa				
Administrative:	Ф 27.724	ф <u>Э</u> Е ОСЕ	Ф 25.060	ф о
Town Council	\$ 37,734	\$ 35,865	\$ 35,862	\$ 3
Town Manager	268,329	276,761	276,758	3
Economic Development Commission HR Administrative Services	6,001	5,000	5,000	-
Miscellaneous Support Services	2,328,894	2,474,624	2,474,616	8 5
Information Technology and	244,611	229,861	229,856	5
Telecommunications				
Insurance	248,639	234,876	234,199	- 677
Legal Services	81,000	81,000	80,999	1
Probate Court	15,206	12,486	12,484	2
Total Administrative	3,230,414	3,350,473	3,349,774	699
rotar / tariii ilou au vo	0,200,111	0,000,110	0,010,771	000
Planning and Community Development:				
Building Inspection Services	134,355	142,234	141,914	320
Zoning Board of Appeals	4,050	3,690	2,409	1,281
Environmental Health Services	86,100	86,100	83,103	2,997
Planning and Zoning Services	210,089	191,522	190,650	872
Inland Wetlands Commission	3,670	3,340	2,957	383
Planning and Zoning Commission	13,170	13,610	10,377	3,233
Conservation Commission	2,985	22,545	22,023	522
Agricultural Commission	600	600	13_	587
Total Planning and Community				
Development	455,019	463,641	453,446	10,195
Community Services:				
Youth Services	-	-	-	-
Elderly Services	64,919	66,900	66,889	11
Human Services	362,059	363,008	362,056	952
Library	438,107	407,149	405,485	1,664
Recreation and Adult Education	134,565	137,094	137,093	2,000
Total Community Services	999,650	974,151	971,523	2,628
Public Works:				
Engineering Services	76,310	47,235	30,137	17,098
Parks and Facilities	1,495,799	1,478,457	1,455,474	22,983
Refuse and Recycling Services	1,011,700	1,026,995	1,026,993	2
Streets and Roads	1,956,281	2,012,477	2,002,588	9,889
Total Public Works	4,540,090	4,565,164	4,515,192	49,972

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance With Final Budget
Public Safety Services:								
Water Supply	\$	112,487	\$	112,487	\$	99,987	\$	12,500
Ambulance	*	450,442	•	494,534	•	493,784	*	750
Animal Control		69,803		17,810		17,599		211
Emergency Preparedness		15,347		13,592		13,528		64
Fire Prevention		83,367		80,028		80,018		10
Fire Suppression		683,155		665,991		663,366		2,625
Community Emergency								
Response Team		6,769		5,670		5,669		1
Law Enforcement		749,529		731,873		730,873		1,000
Total Public Safety Services	2	2,170,899		2,121,985		2,104,824		17,161
Record and Financial Services:								
Accounting Services		366,397		334,524		334,519		5
Assessment Services		234,005		202,761		202,755		6
Board of Assessment Appeals		600		148		147		1
Independent Audit		27,450		27,450		27,450		' -
Registrar of Voters		59,858		60,838		60,836		2
Revenue Services		169,165		164,038		164,035		3
Town Clerk		155,750		138,474		138,472		2
Total Record and		100,100		100,171		100,172		
Financial Services	-	1,013,225		928,233		928,214		19
Contingency and Other		173,350		96,520		96,355		165
Board of Education:	40	0,819,289	4	10,819,289		40,809,870		9,419
Debt Service		1,650,000		4,662,677		4,662,677		
Total Expenditures	58	3,051,936	5	57,982,133	;	57,891,875		90,258
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out:								
Sewer Fund		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Dog Fund		-		69,803		69,803		-
Tax Stabilization Fund		-		145,162		145,162		-
Education Reserve Fund		-		398,155		398,155		-
Education COVID Reserve Fund		-		398,155		398,155		-
Capital Improvements		147,946		196,333		196,333		
Total Other Financing Uses		162,946		1,222,608		1,222,608		
Total Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses	\$ 58	3,214,882	\$ 5	59,204,741	\$:	59,114,483	\$	90,258
-		(00)		· /		, ,		<u> </u>

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Education Reserve Fund	St	Tax abilization Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 12,925,163 1,555,148 1,994,002	\$ 901,169 - -	\$	145,162 - -	\$ 13,971,494 1,555,148 1,994,002
Total Assets	\$ 16,474,313	\$ 901,169	\$	145,162	\$ 17,520,644
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and Other Payables Accrued Liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 1,082,173 405,287 48,387	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,082,173 405,287 48,387
Total Liabilities	 1,535,847	-		-	 1,535,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	843,955	-		-	843,955
Unavailable Revenue - Tax Interest	226,339	-		-	226,339
Lease Receivable	725,000	-		-	725,000
Advance Property Tax Collections	 1,751,775			-	 1,751,775
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,547,069	-		-	3,547,069
FUND BALANCES					
Committed	-	901,169		145,162	1,046,331
Assigned	1,161,385	-		-	1,161,385
Unassigned	10,230,012	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	10,230,012
Total Fund Balances	 11,391,397	901,169		145,162	 12,437,728
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 16,474,313	\$ 901,169	\$	145,162	\$ 17,520,644

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Education Reserve Fund	Tax Stabilization Fund	Eliminations	Total
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 48,316,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,316,022
Intergovernmental	15,601,834	_	-	-	15,601,834
Charges for Services	958,255	_	_	_	958,255
Investment Income	22,861	_	_	_	22,861
Other Revenues	9,321	_	_	_	9,321
Total Revenues	64,908,293	-	-	-	64,908,293
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	3,415,471	_	_	_	3,415,471
Planning and Community Development	435,405	_	_	_	435,405
Community Services	998,559	-	-	-	998,559
Public Works	4,793,751	-	-	-	4,793,751
Public Safety Services	2,121,705	-	-	-	2,121,705
Record and Financial Services	931,005	-	-	-	931,005
Contingency and Other	96,355	-	-	-	96,355
Board of Education	47,195,943	-	-	-	47,195,943
Debt Service	5,177,691				5,177,691
Total Expenditures	65,165,885				65,165,885
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(257,592)	-	-	-	(257,592)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers-In	625,014	398,155	145,162	(653,317)	515,014
Transfers-Out	(1,222,608)	-	(110,000)	653,317	(679,291)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(597,594)	398,155	35,162		(164,277)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(855,186)	398,155	35,162	-	(421,869)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	12,246,583	503,014	110,000		12,859,597
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,391,397	\$ 901,169	\$ 145,162	\$ -	\$ 12,437,728

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						Lawful Co	orrect	ions				С	ollections		
Grand List Year	Uncollected Taxes July 1, 202		Supplem	nent	A	dditions	De	eductions	Transfers to Suspense	 Adjusted Amount Collectible	Taxes		terest and ien Fees	Total	ncollected Taxes e 30, 2022
2010	\$ 6,55	56	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,556	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,556
2011	7,09	91		-		148		-	-	7,239	148		236	384	7,091
2012	11,74	46		-		193		-	-	11,939	193		280	473	11,746
2013	14,20	05		-		169		-	-	14,374	169		215	384	14,205
2014	20,80	00		-		-		-	-	20,800	3,333		1,159	4,492	17,467
2015	20,29	99		-		352		-	-	20,651	3,896		1,691	5,587	16,755
2016	31,45	54		-		1,490		553	-	32,391	9,400		3,920	13,320	22,991
2017	69,12	22		-		278		512	-	68,888	35,077		16,828	51,905	33,811
2018	227,50	01		-		799		737	-	227,563	120,496		40,111	160,607	107,067
2019	512,22	22				18,981		25,455	 -	 505,748	 223,960		44,762	 268,722	 281,788
Total Prio	r														
Years	920,99	96		-		22,410		27,257	-	916,149	396,672		109,202	505,874	519,477
2020	47,449,75	56	822	2,945		105,955		220,337	 -	 48,158,319	 47,678,793		125,552	 47,804,345	479,526
Total	\$ 48,370,75	52	\$ 822	,945	\$	128,365	\$	247,594	\$ -	\$ 49,074,468	\$ 48,075,465	\$	234,754	\$ 48,310,219	\$ 999,003

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Dog Fund - To account for the sales of dog tags and the expenditures of the dog warden and pound.

Open Space Maintenance - To account for maintenance expenditures at open space land.

Stone Pond Sewer Escrow and Tolland Townhouse Sewer Escrow - To account for accumulation of revenues from the housing projects to provide funds in the event of a failure of the on-site sewage disposal system.

Lodge Activity Fund - To account for the receipt of rental, constable and attendant fees for special activities held at the lodge. Donations are also recognized. Revenues are used to provide furnishings for the lodge.

Open Space Fund - To account for the receipt of payments from builders in lieu of land. Money will be accumulated to purchase land for open space.

Tolland Business Park Fund - To account for monies from property sales in the business park to be used for future improvements.

Town Aid Road - To account for state revenues and expenditures for maintenance of both improved and unimproved Town roads.

Recreation - To account for Town recreation programs.

Water Assessment - To account for water main assessments to defray the cost of borrowing.

School Lunch - To account for the operation of the school lunch program.

State and Federal Education Grants - To account for the expenditure of various state and federal education grants not accounted for in the General Fund.

FRC Before/After School Programs - To account for the operation of the before and after school programs.

Eviction Fund - To account for the cost of storage for tenants' property until reimbursed.

Cemetery Operations Fund - To account for the operating expenditures and revenues of the Town cemeteries.

Training Center Fund - To account for user fees to provide for the replacement or repair of furniture and equipment at the training center.

Traffic Fund - To account for the State of Connecticut Speed Enforcement Grant that overlaps two fiscal years.

Field Maintenance - To utilize donations for field maintenance.

Veterans Memorial Fund - To account for donations and expenditures for the repairs and upkeep of existing monuments and plaques and the addition of new ones.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Miscellaneous Grants Fund - To account for various state, federal and local grants and their activities.

Emergency Storm Fund - To account for FEMA emergency storm disaster grant revenues and expenditures, and to create reserves for unanticipated future storm funding needs.

Turf Field Operations Fund - To account for revenues from field rental, donations and expenditures towards maintenance of the field.

Agriculture Fund - To account for revenues from gifts, donations and other contributions to raise funds in order to promote agriculture and farming in Tolland.

Conservation Fund - To provide a mechanism for the Conservation Commission to accept gifts, donations and other contributions and to raise funds in order to promote conservation education, activities and efforts in Tolland. This fund is not intended for the purchase of land nor activities necessary for the purchase of land, such as surveys, appraisals and similar activities.

Youth Center Reserve - To accumulate student fundraising monies and donations, which are used to sponsor youth outings and camp scholarships.

Student Activity Fund - To collect monies from all sources outside the budget to be used to pay for various student activities.

Senior Citizens Center - To accumulate donations and fundraising monies to provide for the operations of the center.

Tolland Public Library - To accumulate money received from donations and ConnectiCard state funds for future capital and media purchases.

Tolland Emergency Fund - To help residents in crisis with food, fuel or medical relief. Private donations finance this effort.

Education COVID Relief Fund - To account for COVID relief activities for the school system. Federal and state grants finance these activities.

Sewer Assessment Fund – To account for the capital resources used for sewer capital improvements that benefit property owners in a limited area. A special assessment on the benefiting property owners imposes the recovery of the cost of the improvements. A special assessment debt is secured by anticipated payments from property owners with the option of paying in a lump sum or in interest bearing annual installments over the life of the bonds. The major source of revenue is derived from assessment fees and use charges.

CDBG Small Cities Fund – To account for funds for rehabilitation loans to property owners. The major source of revenue for this fund is intergovernmental revenues and program income.

Emergency Declaration Fund – To account for funds reserved to manage unanticipated disasters, or emergency situations. The major source of revenue is derived from state and federal grants.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to pay interest, principal, and other fees associated with short-term and long-term debt.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund - To account for donations and proceeds from the sale of plots. The interest on the investment of funds is used for the perpetual care of those plots accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.

Ratcliffe Hicks Memorial School Fund - To account for maintenance of the Hicks Memorial School Building, which now houses the Town offices. Interest earnings are available to defray costs of improvements and/or maintenance expenses.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds															
		Dog Fund	M	Open Space aintenance		Stone Pond Sewer Escrow		Tolland Townhouse Sewer Escrow		Lodge Activity Fund		Open Space Fund	Tolland Business Park Fund	Town Aid Road	F	Recreation
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	149,284	\$	2,940	\$	15,300	\$	10,253	\$	23,754	\$	131,487	\$ 19,165	\$ 10,072	\$	189,215
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Receivables		1,800		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		499
Due From Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Other		-				-		-		-		-	 -	 -		
Total Assets	\$	151,084	\$	2,940	\$	15,300	\$	10,253	\$	23,754	\$	131,487	\$ 19,165	\$ 10,072	\$	189,714
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	151	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	34	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$	1,381
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	57		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		6,595		-	 -	-		
Total Liabilities		151		-		-		-		6,629		-	-	57		1,381
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	_		_
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	_		_
Unavailable Revenue - Cemetery		_		_		_		-		-		_	_	_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	_		_
Restricted		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	10,015		_
Committed		150,933		2,940		15,300		10,253		17,125		131,487	19,165			188,333
Total Fund Balances		150,933		2,940		15,300		10,253		17,125		131,487	19,165	10,015		188,333
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	151,084	\$	2,940	\$	15,300	\$	10,253	\$	23,754	\$	131,487	\$ 19,165	\$ 10,072	\$	189,714

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds															
	As	Water ssessment		School Lunch		State and Federal Education Grants	FR Before Sch Progr	/After ool		Eviction Fund		Cemetery Operations Fund	Training Center Fund	Traffic Fund	Ma	Field aintenance
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	230,074	\$	556,880	\$	7,847	\$	622,595	\$		-	\$ 114,085	\$ 5,176	\$ -	\$	5,336
Investments		-		-		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Receivables		18,636		270,064		6,831		7,398			-	8,632	-	-		-
Due From Other Funds		-		-		-		-			-	1,510	-	-		-
Other		-		33,241							<u>-</u> .	-	 -	 -		-
Total Assets	\$	248,710	\$	860,185	\$	14,678	\$	629,993	\$		<u>.</u>	\$ 124,227	\$ 5,176	\$ 	\$	5,336
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																_
LIABILITIES																
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	-	\$	3,581	\$	_	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		39,378		14,678		1			<u>-</u> -	-	 -	 -		
Total Liabilities		-		42,959		14,678		1			-	-	-	-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		18,636		-		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Cemetery		-									<u>-</u> .	5,300	 -	 -		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,636		-		-		-			-	5,300	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		-		33,241		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Restricted		-		270,064		-		-			-	-	-	-		-
Committed		230,074		513,921		-		629,992			-	118,927	5,176	-		5,336
Total Fund Balances		230,074		817,226		-		629,992			Ξ	118,927	5,176	-		5,336
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	248,710	\$	860,185	\$	14,678	\$	629,993	\$		<u> </u>	\$ 124,227	\$ 5,176	\$ -	\$	5,336

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds															
		eterans Iemorial Fund	М	iscellaneous Grants Fund		Turf Field Operations Fund		Agriculture Fund		Conservation Fund		Youth Center Reserve	Student Activity Fund	Senior Citizens Center		Tolland Public Library
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	267	\$	29,240	\$	215	\$	3,695	\$	1,458	\$	23,109	\$ 405,966	\$ 22,089	\$	96,402
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Due From Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Other		-		-		-	_	-	_	-		-	 -	 -		-
Total Assets	\$	267	\$	29,240	\$	215	\$	3,695	\$	1,458	\$	23,109	\$ 405,966	\$ 22,089	\$	96,402
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	-	\$	2,231	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	391	\$ _	\$ 327	\$	84
Due to Other Funds		-		_		-		-		-		_	-	_		_
Unearned Revenue		-		<u> </u>		-	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		-	 -	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Liabilities		-		2,231		-		-		-		391	-	327		84
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Cemetery		-				-							-	 -		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Restricted		-		27,009		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Committed		267				215		3,695		1,458		22,718	405,966	 21,762		96,318
Total Fund Balances		267		27,009		215		3,695		1,458		22,718	405,966	21,762		96,318
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	267	\$	29,240	\$	215	\$	3,695	\$	1,458	\$	23,109	\$ 405,966	\$ 22,089	\$	96,402

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds								Debt Service Funds Permanent Funds					unds					
	Em	Folland nergency Fund		Education COVID Relief Fund	Α	Sewer Assessment Fund	S	CDBG Small Cities Fund		Emergency Declaration Fund		Debt Service Fund		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Ratcliff Hicks Memorial School Fund	Eliminations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS																			
Cash Investments Receivables Due From Other Funds Other	\$	32,251 - - - -	\$	281,351 - - - -	\$	681,952 - 121,932 - -	\$	160,509 - 812,208 - -	\$	2,233,136 - - - - -	\$	972,452 - - - -	\$	297,011 3,100 - -	\$	92,651 810,940 - - -	\$	- - - (1,510) -	\$ 7,130,206 1,107,951 1,251,100 - 33,241
Total Assets	\$	32,251	\$	281,351	\$	803,884	\$	972,717	\$	2,233,136	\$	972,452	\$	300,111	\$	903,591	\$	(1,510)	\$ 9,522,498
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																			
LIABILITIES Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue	\$	265 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 1,869,023	\$	- - -	\$	- 1,510 -	\$	- - -	\$	- (1,510) -	\$ 8,445 57 1,929,675
Total Liabilities		265		-		-		-		1,869,023		-		1,510		-		(1,510)	1,938,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Cemetery Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - -		- - -		121,932 - - 121,932		812,208 - 812,208		- - - -		- - - -		3,100 3,100		- - - -		- - -	140,568 812,208 8,400 961,176
FUND BALANCES																			
Nonspendable Restricted Committed		- - 31,986		- - 281,351		- - 681,952		160,509		- - 364,113		- - 972,452		292,263 - 3,238		20,800 - 882,791		- - -	346,304 467,597 5,809,244
Total Fund Balances		31,986		281,351		681,952		160,509		364,113		972,452		295,501		903,591		-	6,623,145
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	32,251	\$	281,351	\$	803,884	\$	972,717	\$	2,233,136	\$	972,452	\$	300,111	\$	903,591	\$	(1,510)	\$ 9,522,498

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Special Revenue Fund	ds			
	Dog Fund	Open Space Maintenance	Stone Pond Sewer Escrow	Tolland Townhouse Sewer Escrow	Lodge Activity Fund	Open Space Fund	Tolland Business Park Fund	Town Aid Road	Recreation
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 52,668	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 283	\$ - 216,968
Charges for Services Investment Income	22,198	-	- 19	-	52,000	5,205	-	-	210,900
Other	- 4,891	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	- 50
Total Revenues	27,089		19		52,668	5,205		283	217,018
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Services	-	-	-	-	44,444	-	-	-	181,830
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-
Public Safety Services	74,344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education									
Total Expenditures	74,344		-		44,444			57	181,830
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	(47,255)	-	19	-	8,224	5,205	-	226	35,188
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers-In	69,803	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers-Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BAN Premium					-				
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	69,803							·	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	22,548	-	19	-	8,224	5,205	-	226	35,188
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	128,385	2,940	15,281	10,253	8,901	126,282	19,165	9,789	153,145
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 150,933	\$ 2,940	\$ 15,300	\$ 10,253	\$ 17,125	\$ 131,487	\$ 19,165	\$ 10,015	\$ 188,333

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Water Assessment	School Lunch	State and Federal Education Grants	FRC Before/After School Programs	Eviction Fund	Cemetery Operations Fund	Training Center Fund	Traffic Fund	Field Maintenance				
REVENUES													
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 1,356,899	\$ 1,143,902	\$ -	\$	- \$ 3,432	\$ -	\$	- \$ -				
Charges for Services	485	-	-	384,401		- 30,071	295						
Investment Income	280	-	-	-		- 145	-						
Other				-		<u>- </u>	-		- 2,000				
Total Revenues	765	1,356,899	1,143,902	384,401		- 33,648	295		- 2,000				
EXPENDITURES													
Current													
General Government	-	-	-	-			-						
Community Services	-	-	-	-		- 41,056	-						
Public Works	-	-	-	-			-		- 1,958				
Public Safety Services	-	-	-	-			-						
Debt Service	-	-	-	-			-						
Education		948,938	1,143,902	356,272		<u>- </u>			<u> </u>				
Total Expenditures		948,938	1,143,902	356,272		- 41,056	-		- 1,958				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES													
OVER EXPENDITURES	765	407,961	-	28,129		- (7,408)	295		- 42				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers-In	-	-	-	-		- 536	-						
Transfers-Out	-	-	-	-			-						
BAN Premium		-				<u>- </u>			<u> </u>				
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)			=			- 536	-		<u> </u>				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	765	407,961	-	28,129		- (6,872)	295		- 42				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	229,309	409,265	- -	601,863	,	- 125,799	4,881	r- <u></u>	- 5,294				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 230,074	\$ 817,226	\$ -	\$ 629,992	\$	- \$ 118,927	\$ 5,176	\$	- \$ 5,336				

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

							Special Revenue F	unds					
	Mer			Turf Miscellaneous Field Grants Operatio Fund Fund		Agriculture Fund	Conservation Fund		Youth Center Reserve	Student Activity Fund	Senior Citizens Center		Tolland Public Library
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$	-	\$ 39	,018 -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	11,888	\$ - 685,142	\$ -	\$	1,286 22,663
Investment Income Other		40		,134	2,940	1,500		<u>-</u>	5,356	-	19,624		11
Total Revenues		40	45	,152	2,940	1,500		-	17,244	685,142	19,624		23,960
EXPENDITURES Current General Government		-		-	- - 770	-		-	-	-	-		-
Community Services Public Works		85 -		-	5,770	-		-	15,209	-	14,137		16,373
Public Safety Services Debt Service		-	40	,091 -	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Education		-		-				<u>- </u>	-	646,234			-
Total Expenditures		85	40	,091	5,770			<u> </u>	15,209	646,234	14,137	- —	16,373
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(45)	5	,061	(2,830)	1,500		-	2,035	38,908	5,487		7,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers-In Transfers-Out		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-
BAN Premium		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-			-	-	-	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(45)	5	,061	(2,830)	1,500		-	2,035	38,908	5,487		7,587
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		312	21	,948	3,045	2,195	1,45	i8	20,683	367,058	16,275	. —	88,731
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	267	\$ 27	.009	\$ 215	\$ 3.695	\$ 1.45	i8 \$	22.718	\$ 405.966	\$ 21.762	\$	96.318

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						Debt Service				
		Sp	ecial Revenue Fur	nds		Funds	Perman	ent Funds		
		Education					Cemetery			Total
	Tolland	COVID	Sewer	CDBG	Emergency	Debt	Perpetual	Ratcliff Hicks		Nonmajor
	Emergency	Relief	Assessment	Small Cities	Declaration	Service	Care	Memorial		Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	School Fund	Eliminations	Funds
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 467,722	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,024,430
Charges for Services	-		164,754	88,327	-	-	-	-		1,673,177
Investment Income	_	_	-	-	2,558	887	536	(117,421)	_	(112,996)
Other	14,153	-	24	-	6,961	-	-	-	-	63,684
Total Revenues	14,153		164,778	88,327	477,241	887	536	(117,421)	-	4,648,295
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government	-	-	-	-	291,012	-	-	-	-	291,012
Community Services	29,997	-	-	97,831	-	-	-	-	-	446,732
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,015
Public Safety Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114,435
Debt Service	-	-	180,852	-	-	499,606	-	-	-	680,458
Education		116,960						16,037		3,228,343
Total Expenditures	29,997	116,960	180,852	97,831	291,012	499,606	-	16,037		4,762,995
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	(15,844)	(116,960)	(16,074)	(9,504)	186,229	(498,719)	536	(133,458)	-	(114,700)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers-In	-	398,155	11,425	-	-	-	-	-	(536)	479,383
Transfers-Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	(536)	-	536	-
BAN Premium						91,395				91,395
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		398,155	11,425		-	91,395	(536)			570,778
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(15,844)	281,195	(4,649)	(9,504)	186,229	(407,324)	-	(133,458)	-	456,078
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	47,830	156	686,601	170,013	177,884	1,379,776	295,501	1,037,049		6,167,067
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 31,986	\$ 281,351	\$ 681,952	\$ 160,509	\$ 364,113	\$ 972,452	\$ 295,501	\$ 903,591	\$ -	\$ 6,623,145

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for all of the activity associated with utility costs and debt service costs on the ESCO project and for providing Medical insurance to all eligible Town and Board of Education Employees.

Utility Service Fund - To account for all of the fees associated with utilities and the debt service on the ESCO project, the associated consultant fees, and future system improvements and repairs.

Health Insurance Fund - To account for the self-insured medical activities of the Town and Board of Education.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Utility Service Fund		 Health Insurance	Se	Total Internal rvice Funds
ASSETS					
Current:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,097,392	\$ -	\$	1,097,392
Receivables		7,483	-		7,483
Advance to Plan Administrator		-	3,148,247		3,148,247
Total Assets		1,104,875	3,148,247		4,253,122
LIABILITIES Current:					
Accounts Payable		9,118	_		9,118
Claims Payable		-	 498,091		498,091
Total Liabilities		9,118	498,091		507,209
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	\$	1,095,757	\$ 2,650,156	\$	3,745,913

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Se	Utility rvice Fund	Health Insurance	Se	Total Internal rvice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Employer Contributions Other Income Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,853,607 - 200,000 2,053,607	\$ 6,712,235 - 6,712,235	\$	1,853,607 6,712,235 200,000 8,765,842
OPERATING EXPENSES Utilities Administration Employee Benefits Total Operating Expenses		959,726 2,732 - 962,458	45,561 6,796,047 6,841,608		959,726 48,293 6,796,047 7,804,066
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		1,091,149	(129,373)		961,776
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES) Investment Income Interest Expense Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		(161,473) (161,473)	 2,189 - 2,189		2,189 (161,473) (159,284)
TRANSFERS IN AND OUT Transfers-Out Total transfers		(515,014) (515,014)	<u>-</u>		(515,014) (515,014)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		414,662	(127,184)		287,478
Net Position - Beginning of Year		681,095	2,777,340		3,458,435
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,095,757	\$ 2,650,156	\$	3,745,913

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	S	Utility ervice Fund		Health Insurance	Se	Total Internal ervice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	0.040.404	Φ.	0.740.005	•	0.750.050
Received from Customers	\$	2,046,124	\$	6,712,235	\$	8,758,359
Payments to Suppliers		(1,008,795)		- (C 744 404)		(1,008,795)
Payments to Providers of Benefits		4 007 000		(6,714,424)		(6,714,424)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,037,329		(2,189)		1,035,140
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES						
Transfers In/Out		(515,014)		-		(515,014)
Interest Expense		(161,473)		-		(161,473)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital						
Financing Activities		(676,487)		-		(676,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment Income		<u>-</u>		2,189		2,189
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Cash Equivalents		360,842		-		360,842
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		736,550				736,550
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -						
END OF YEAR	\$	1,097,392	\$	-	\$	1,097,392
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	1,091,149	\$	(129,373)	\$	961,776
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(7,483)		-		(7,483)
(Increase) Decrease in Advance to Plan Administrator		-		122,704		122,704
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(46,337)		_		(46,337)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable				4,480		4,480
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	\$	1,037,329	\$	(2,189)	\$	1,035,140

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION INFORMATION

This part of the Town of Tolland, Connecticut's annual comprehensive report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	111-115
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	116-118
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	119-121
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	122-123
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	124-126

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year											
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 78,699,978	\$ 81,610,820	\$ 76,933,951	\$ 76,382,043	\$ 77,127,304	\$ 68,793,985	\$ 73,179,715	\$ 77,712,083	\$ 86,869,703	\$ 100,495,262		
Restricted	313,063	313,063	313,063	313,063	313,063	313,063	313,063	313,063	6,925,865	9,953,666		
Unrestricted	15,874,642	14,558,545	18,974,027	18,030,770	18,211,767	22,957,775	22,180,817	15,393,930	25,963,137	13,990,546		
Total Governmental Activities												
Net Position	94,887,683	96,482,428	96,221,041	94,725,876	95,652,134	92,064,823	95,673,595	93,419,076	119,758,705	124,439,474		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,609,679	9,313,922	9,007,412	8,705,538	8,465,681	8,200,166	7,966,653	8,281,210	7,954,904	7,670,361		
Restricted	30,682	36,239	42,725	49,825	49,825	66,520	76,294	87,107	-	-		
Unrestricted	303,016	379,213	489,150	637,253	784,452	948,955	1,130,315	1,349,595	1,707,876	1,903,292		
Total Business-Type Activities												
Net Position	9,943,377	9,729,374	9,539,287	9,392,616	9,299,958	9,215,641	9,173,262	9,717,912	9,662,780	9,573,653		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	88,309,657	90,924,742	85,941,363	85,087,581	85,592,985	76,994,151	81,146,368	85,993,293	94,824,607	108,165,623		
Restricted	343,745	349,302	355,788	362,888	362,888	379,583	389,357	400,170	6,925,865	9,953,666		
Unrestricted	16,177,658	14,937,758	19,463,177	18,668,023	18,996,219	23,906,730	23,311,132	16,743,525	27,671,013	15,893,838		
Total Primary Government												
Net Position	\$ 104,831,060	\$ 106,211,802	\$ 105,760,328	\$ 104,118,492	\$ 104,952,092	\$ 101,280,464	\$ 104,846,857	\$ 103,136,988	\$ 129,421,485	\$ 134,013,127		

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
Administration	\$ 1,128,418	3 \$ 1,100,996	\$ 1,058,486	\$ 1,600,623	\$ 1,440,490	\$ 1,413,134	\$ 1,075,524	\$ 1,753,006	\$ 2,012,338	\$ 2,243,137
Planning and Community Development	478,632	2 355,708	448,187	438,009	474,277	491,843	502,276	645,191	528,407	534,461
Community Services	1,307,822	1,993,470	1,724,251	1,687,426	2,292,140	1,698,846	1,777,504	1,414,041	1,351,726	1,794,835
Public Works	9,389,37	1 7,775,750	8,579,435	9,763,091	8,422,874	8,165,431	9,388,239	10,252,618	8,158,702	9,680,456
Public Safety Services	2,068,676	2,147,154	2,170,204	2,445,574	2,478,544	2,308,812	2,563,483	1,903,423	3,207,753	2,800,998
Records and Financial Services	1,093,230	1,051,896	1,149,410	875,914	1,139,430	1,186,970	1,242,415	1,531,846	1,137,503	1,100,660
Board of Education	44,748,673	3 45,552,363	45,685,969	47,211,938	50,393,047	51,267,751	43,885,556	72,076,692	57,870,430	51,474,320
Interest Expense	1,405,217	7 1,515,547	1,405,788	1,247,428	915,251	1,112,080	1,394,808	1,273,113	1,573,133	1,115,852
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	61,620,039	9 61,492,884	62,221,730	65,270,003	67,556,053	67,644,867	61,829,805	90,849,930	75,839,992	70,744,719
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	376,700	386,035	342,447	324,016	313,802	332,778	384,383	411,474	375,927	457,406
Sewer	460,248		535,004	472,864	487,772	491,475	436,016	442,663	470,730	452,405
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	836,954	4 813,229	877,451	796,880	801,574	824,253	820,399	854,137	846,657	909,811
Total Primary Government Expenses	62,456,993		63,099,181	66,066,883	68,357,627	68,469,120	62,650,204	91,704,067	76,686,649	71,654,530
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Administration	10,756	â								_
Planning and Community Development	302,96		347,892	360,580	454,427	437,551	481,779	494,635	680,424	737,151
Community Services	376,71		409,067	463,717	504,979	414,253	453,327	252,405	133,445	344.294
Public Works	48,03		110,844	93,451	128,353	91,366	56,112	44,038	47,986	96,052
Public Safety Services	135,789		344,714	286,369	311,219	407,397	443,682	377,393	388,675	304,882
Records and Financial Services	125,682		103,599	105,751	107,063	99,445	94,022	114,066	170,899	153,666
Board of Education	1,236,580		1,087,047	1,100,158	1,194,206	1,262,058	1,113,293	825,952	593,111	1,068,864
	1,230,300	1,221,003	1,007,047	1,100,130	1,134,200	1,202,000	1,110,280	023,932	393,111	1,000,004
Operating Grants and Contributions: Administration									141,140	474,586
Community Services	54,620	38,258	55,909	22,015	12,499	7,427	28,535	17,957	38,907	70.079
Public Works	243,50		338,861	98,715	12,499	22,622	24,443	20,622	49,730	595,685
Public Safety Services	26,50		39,527	46,916	34,743	21,609	1,713	5,699	32,087	45,152
•										
Board of Education	16,733,049	9 17,510,095	16,687,608	17,211,591	19,683,233	18,678,318	14,079,044	18,839,063	23,000,569	16,013,504
Capital Grants and Contributions:			46 506	207.444						
Administration		-	16,586	387,114	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning and Community	400.04	7 247,737	450.057	202		20.202		16,132		
Development	102,017		150,957	262	4 070 007	28,302	-	10,132	-	-
Community Services	300,640	. , .	107,521	512,213	1,273,987	85,401		1010111		
Public Works	436,075	5 94,000	-	362,888	390,955	685,461	2,084,524	1,246,111	890,771	26,388
Public Safety Services			-	-	-	-		-		
Board of Education		- 765,355	-	11,938	-	853,821	78,571	18,505,087	28,591,794	6,579,976
Interest Expense	43,73		28,023	20,238	12,051	3,874				
Total Governmental Activities Program Activities	20,176,65	22,207,594	19,828,155	21,083,916	24,107,715	23,098,905	18,939,045	40,759,160	54,759,538	26,510,279
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	243,188		313,502	267,256	327,083	338,695	346,297	331,568	355,367	356,161
Sewer	333,670	325,755	356,904	362,674	378,006	399,493	432,571	421,173	439,329	454,981
Capital Grants and Contributions:										
Water		<u>- </u>	·			· 				
Total Business-Type Activities										
Program Revenues	576,864		670,406	629,930	705,089	738,188	778,868	752,741	794,696	811,142
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	20,753,518	3 22,790,593	20,498,561	21,713,846	24,812,804	23,837,093	19,717,913	41,511,901	55,554,234	27,321,421

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year														
		2013	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		2020	2021	2022
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)															
Governmental Activities	\$	(41,443,385)	\$ (39,285,290)	\$ (42,393,575	5) \$	(44,186,087)	\$	(43,448,338)	\$	(44,545,962) \$	(42,890,760)	\$	(50,090,770)	\$ (21,080,454) \$	(44,234,440)
Business-Type Activities		(260,090)	(230,230)	(207,045	5)	(166,950)		(96,485)		(86,065)	(41,531)		(101,396)	(51,961)	(98,669)
Total Primary Government Net Expense		(41,703,475)	(39,515,520)	(42,600,620	0)	(44,353,037)		(43,544,823)		(44,632,027)	(42,932,291)		(50,192,166)	(21,132,415)	(44,333,109)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION															
Governmental Activities:															
Property Taxes		39,058,990	39,472,811	40,575,260		42,207,337		43,527,376		44,299,403	45,216,830		46,685,864	46,462,712	48,441,449
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions		529,845	267,332	371,28		318,864		627,533		281,712	521,497		519,024	510,373	535,533
Investment Income		264,739	293,666	108,406	3	102,253		196,135		227,649	610,285		475,553	355,761	(164,693)
Loss on Sale of Asset		-	-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Donated asset		-	-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous		274,316	88,287	1,092,24		77,468		23,552		128,703	139,495		169,561	79,812	106,495
Transfers		(50,000)	(15,000)	(15,000		(15,000)				5,000	11,425		(638,575)	11,425	(3,575)
Total Governmental Activities		40,077,890	40,107,096	42,132,188	В	42,690,922		44,374,596		44,942,467	46,499,532		47,211,427	47,420,083	48,915,209
Business-Type Activities:															
Investment income		1,245	1,227	1,958	В	5,279		3,827		6,748	10,577		7,471	8,254	5,967
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Donated asset															
Transfers		50,000	15,000	15,000	0	15,000		-		(5,000)	(11,425)		638,575	(11,425)	3,575
Total Business-Type Activities		51,245	16,227	16,958	3	20,279		3,827		1,748	(848)		646,046	(3,171)	9,542
Total Primary Government		40,129,135	40,123,323	42,149,146	ŝ	42,711,201		44,378,423		44,944,215	46,498,684	-	47,857,473	47,416,912	48,924,751
CHANGE IN NET POSITION															
Governmental Activities		(1,365,495)	821,806	(261,387	7)	(1,495,165)		926,258		396,505	3,608,772		(2,879,343)	26,339,629	4,680,769
Business-Type Activities		(208,845)	(214,003)			(146,671)		(92,658)		(84,317)	(42,379)		544,650	(55,132)	(89,127)
Total Primary Government	\$	(1,574,340)	\$ 607,803	\$ (451,474	4) \$	(1,641,836)	\$	833,600	\$	312,188 \$	3,566,393	\$	(2,334,693)	\$ 26,284,497 \$	4,591,642

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
General Fund:											
Restricted	\$ 170,722	\$ 59,680	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Committed	_	_	75,249	63,813	46,580	46,580	696,522	731,635	888,014	1,046,331	
Assigned	1,086,458	1,281,734	1,537,737	1,764,973	2,053,282	2,363,364	2,030,521	2,732,318	2,024,576	1,161,385	
Unassigned	6,649,387	7,053,690	6,853,234	7,113,653	7,923,976	8,320,481	8,150,176	9,494,295	9,947,007	10,230,012	
Total General Fund	\$ 7,735,845	\$ 8,335,424	\$ 8,466,220	\$ 8,942,439	\$ 10,023,838	\$ 10,730,425	\$ 10,877,219	\$ 12,958,248	\$ 12,859,597	\$ 12,437,728	
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Nonspendable	\$ 354,191	\$ 353,280	\$ 350,288	\$ 342,832	\$ 347,922	\$ 347,381	\$ 354,799	\$ 346,304	\$ 346,749	\$ 346,304	
Restricted	5,685,035	3,100,145	7,017,336	5,693,424	4,183,849	11,726,422	8,368,948	9,638,891	529,896	467,597	
Committed	89,708	4,127,934	110,228	264,540	189,978	193,061	172,483	824,615	7,146,094	5,809,244	
Unassigned		(4,173)						<u> </u>		(5,932,867)	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 6,128,934	\$ 7,577,186	\$ 7,477,852	\$ 6,300,796	\$ 4,721,749	\$ 12,266,864	\$ 8,896,230	\$ 10,809,810	\$ 8,022,739	\$ 690,278	

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$ 39,100,634	\$ 39,438,201	\$ 40,552,478	\$ 42,183,337	\$ 43,606,051	\$ 44,200,499	\$ 45,048,508	\$ 46,434,593	\$ 46,540,270	\$ 48,316,022
Intergovernmental	18,414,199	20,026,194	18,020,668	18,849,801	22,280,089	17,885,492	18,318,759	36,817,529	40,821,778	22,622,601
Charges for Services	2,414,067	2,520,931	2,378,727	2,385,095	2,545,736	2,414,424	2,329,730	1,896,036	1,866,533	2,631,432
Investment Income	264,739	289,584	108,406	102,253	196,135	227,649	569,312	446,413	320,521	(166,882)
Other Revenues	552,436	268,990	1,348,950	332,545	317,609	501,696	573,210	429,435	966,083	342,196
Total Revenues	60,746,075	62,543,900	62,409,229	63,853,031	68,945,620	65,229,760	66,839,519	86,024,006	90,515,185	73,745,369
EXPENDITURES										
Administration	2,585,864	2,587,899	2,674,620	3,024,034	2,950,835	2,813,641	2,808,468	3,091,499	3,179,418	3,706,483
Planning and Community Development	369,838	328,045	360,179	355,841	397,518	406,893	412,478	431,155	453,723	435,405
Community Services	1,258,941	1,477,915	1,383,962	1,310,176	1,323,475	1,284,980	1,346,691	1,258,788	1,068,220	1,445,291
Public Works	5,079,375	4,423,762	4,506,859	4,488,925	4,374,697	4,199,887	4,638,670	4,371,825	4,196,803	4,795,766
Public Safety Services	1,623,645	1,667,369	1,812,677	1,927,065	1,920,063	1,774,044	2,035,755	1,389,095	2,690,900	2,236,140
Records and Financial Services	887,048	860,910	935,031	633,230	936,000	956,625	997,461	963,999	978,270	931,005
Contingency and Other	39,993	144,636	144,844	124,671	68,707	176,038	76,296	203,128	156,006	96,355
Board of Education	42,599,914	43,424,363	43,904,035	45,133,023	48,670,545	45,852,991	47,335,526	47,140,491	47,448,200	50,424,286
Capital Outlay	4,575,746	10,319,486	7,526,243	5,322,867	3,888,346	4,239,918	5,673,805	27,870,340	31,667,295	12,173,653
Debt Service:	, ,									
Principal	3,402,386	3,383,503	3,241,654	3,500,204	4,290,336	4,317,216	3,833,129	4,011,659	4,052,633	4,742,297
Interest	1,572,380	1,572,380	1,572,380	1,247,428	915,251	1,112,080	1,394,808	1,273,113	1,573,133	1,115,852
Total Expenditures	63,995,130	70,190,268	68,062,484	67,067,464	69,735,773	67,134,313	70,553,087	92,005,092	97,464,601	82,102,533
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	(3,249,055)	(7,646,368)	(5,653,255)	(3,214,433)	(790,153)	(1,904,553)	(3,713,568)	(5,981,086)	(6,949,416)	(8,357,164)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from Capital Lease	_	_	_	_	9,572,000	_	_	_	_	_
Refinancing of Capital Lease	_	_	_	_	(9,332,590)	_	_	_	_	_
Bond Anticipation Note Repayment	-	-	-	(5,410,000)	(9,332,390)	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Issue Proceeds	1,460,000	9,598,157	5,410,000	7,565,000	-	9,340,000	-	8,165,000	2,405,000	-
Bond Anticipation Notes Proceeds	1,400,000	9,590,157	3,410,000	7,303,000	-	9,340,000	-	0,105,000	2,403,000	-
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	8,025,000	-	9,635,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,210,000	-
Payments to Escrow Agents	(9,122,074)	-	(10,592,003)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,503,790)	-
Bond Premium	134,338	-	49,838	285,400	-	287,694	-	95,593	1,025,131	91,395
	1,158,124	-	1,065,684	200,400	-	207,094	-	95,593	320.483	91,395
Premium on Refunding Bond Issuance Transfers-In	603,353	510,704	297,907	798,678	428,023	608,139	1,520,243	1,518,654	1,832,876	1,190,730
Transfers-Out	(653,353)									
	(, ,	(525,704)	(241,389)	(725,482)	(374,928)	(79,578)	(1,030,515)	(428,376)	(1,226,006)	(679,291)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,605,388	9,583,157	5,625,037	2,513,596	292,505	10,156,255	489,728	9,350,871	4,063,694	602,834
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,643,667)	1,936,789	(28,218)	(700,837)	(497,648)	8,251,702	(3,223,840)	3,369,785	(2,885,722)	(7,754,330)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	15,679,168	14,035,501	15,972,290	15,944,072	15,243,235	14,745,587	22,997,289	19,773,449	23,768,058	* 20,882,336
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,035,501	\$ 15,972,290	\$ 15,944,072	\$ 15,243,235	\$ 14,745,587	\$ 22,997,289	\$ 19,773,449	\$ 23,143,234	\$ 20,882,336	\$ 13,128,006
Debt Service as a Percentage of							. <u></u>			
Noncapital Expenditures	8.0%	7.2%	8.3%	7.4%	7.7%	7.9%	8.2%	6.9%	6.9%	8.0%

* Fund Balance Restated

⁽¹¹⁵⁾

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Real Estate Assessed Value	Motor Vehicle Assessed Value	Personal Property Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value to Full Value
2013	\$ 1,147,601,690	\$ 132,924,706	\$ 25,791,953	\$ 1,306,318,349	29.99	\$ 1,795,873,452	72.74%
2014	1,150,683,695	132,639,318	26,055,411	1,309,378,424	30.19	1,794,898,456	72.95%
2015	1,153,559,570	134,824,899	27,043,573	1,315,428,042	31.05	1,828,253,012	71.95%
2016	1,104,541,199	137,134,911	29,171,246	1,270,847,356	33.36	1,815,496,223	70.00%
2017	1,106,946,632	144,981,536	30,240,615	1,282,168,783	34.19	1,836,128,860	69.83%
2018	1,105,855,007	143,597,879	35,252,570	1,284,705,456	34.48	1,886,498,467	68.10%
2019	1,110,792,274	145,884,778	40,004,119	1,296,681,171	35.00	1,867,071,521	69.45%
2020	1,112,668,682	147,989,711	39,453,734	1,300,112,127	36.05	1,895,759,882	68.58%
2021	1,101,230,365	147,737,460	41,723,378	1,290,691,203	36.05	1,843,844,576	70.00%
2022	1,108,244,860	158,847,921	41,097,125	1,308,189,906	36.05	1,868,842,723	70.00%

Assessed values were taken from Board of Tax Appeal corrected abstracts. Motor vehicle includes supplement.

Ratios are predicted on the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management Sales/Ratio.

Personal property value is based on a 70% assessment ratio.

Personal property was adjusted to reflect newly enacted exemption for manufacturing/research equipment starting with 1991 list.

Tax-exempt property not broken out by category.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

	2021						2012	
Тахрауег	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List
Eversource/Connecticut Light and Power	\$	16,484,520	1	1.23%	\$	8,236,230	2	0.64%
Capitol Ventures		13,641,800	2	1.02%		12,335,300	1	0.95%
Gerber Scientific, Inc.		8,440,480	3	0.63%		4,136,700	4	0.32%
MRT of Connecticut SNF (Woodlake)		8,012,410	4	0.60%				
Summers and Summers Realty						4,128,000	5	0.32%
JM Associates LLC (CNC Software)		7,860,290	5	0.59%				
Norwegian Woods, Inc.		5,544,100	6	0.42%		3,597,000	8	0.28%
Connecticut Water Company		5,512,760	7	0.41%				
Ivy Woods LLC		5,009,900	8	0.38%		3,964,000	6	0.31%
MJB Realty (Star Hill Athletic Facility)		4,615,740	9	0.35%		6,260,300	3	0.48%
Carriage Crossing LLC						3,817,100	7	0.29%
Silva Real Estate/Dari Farms						3,383,600	9	0.26%
Gerber Associates LLC (Raggozino)		4,309,860	10	0.32%				
Tomlen, LLC						2,798,500	10	0.22%
Total	\$	79,431,860		5.95%	\$	52,656,730		4.07%

Note: Based on net taxable grand list, October 1, 2021 and October 1, 2012.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ended	Mill	Total Tax Levy for		Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				llections in		tions to Date	
June 30	Rate		Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subse	equent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	29.99	\$	38,831,162	\$	38,481,041	99.10%	\$	79,275	\$	38,560,316	99.30%
2014	30.19		39,263,225		38,885,680	99.04%		89,504		38,975,184	99.27%
2015	31.05		40,469,270		40,094,577	99.07%		69,760		40,164,337	99.25%
2016	33.36		41,981,338		41,653,686	99.22%		92,967		41,746,653	99.44%
2017	34.19		43,430,320		42,996,306	99.00%		115,858		43,112,164	99.27%
2018	34.48		44,114,882		43,699,966	99.06%		136,128		43,836,094	99.37%
2019	35.00		44,997,409		44,475,818	98.84%		357,613		44,833,431	99.64%
2020	36.05		46,462,354		45,793,939	98.56%		424,388		46,218,327	99.47%
2021	36.05		46,192,111		45,677,610	98.89%		575,079		46,252,688	100.13%
2022	36.05		48,158,319		47,718,857	99.09%		403,630		48,122,487	99.93%

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	 (Gene	ral Bonded De	bt		Percentage of							Total
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Notes Payable		Total	Actual Taxable Value of Property (a)	(Per Capita	Sewer Notes	Financing Notes Payable	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (b)	et Debt Per Capita
2013	\$ 36,696,551		n/a	\$	36,696,551	2.8%	\$	2,438	\$ 384,543	\$ 3,466,667	\$ 40,547,761	6.43%	\$ 2,694
2014	34,176,289		n/a		34,176,289	2.6%		2,289	256,195	12,798,157	47,230,641	7.55%	3,163
2015	31,760,588	\$	5,410,000		37,170,588	2.4%		2,482	155,251	12,459,972	49,785,811	7.58%	3,324
2016	36,401,600		n/a		36,401,600	2.9%		2,431	52,268	12,105,109	48,558,977	7.40%	3,244
2017	32,742,212		n/a		32,742,212	2.6%		2,192		11,971,999	44,714,211	6.83%	2,994
2018	38,648,439		n/a		38,648,439	3.0%		2,583		11,231,771	49,880,210	7.60%	3,333
2019	35,271,825		n/a		35,271,825	2.7%		2,396		10,481,503	45,753,328	7.09%	3,108
2020	31,765,456		8,165,000		39,930,456	2.4%		2,691		9,720,983	49,651,439	7.63%	3,346
2021	39,473,713		n/a		39,473,713	3.1%		2,683		8,949,993	48,423,706	7.51%	3,291
2022	35,174,111		10,615,000		45,789,111	2.7%		3,112		8,168,312	48,423,706	7.51%	3,291

Notes: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

a: See Table 5 for taxable property value data.

b: See Table 11 for personal income and population data.

These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Total Tax Collections (Including Integrating for the Year Ended June 30, 202	•				\$ 46,540,714					
Base for Debt Limitation Computati	on				\$ 46,540,714					
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit					
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 Times Base 4 1/2 Times Base 3 3/4 Times Base	\$ 104,716,607 - -	\$ - 209,433,213 -	\$ - 174,527,678	\$ - - -	\$ - - -					
3 1/4 Times Base 3 Times Base	-	-	-	151,257,321	139,622,142					
Total Debt Limitation Indebtedness:	\$ 104,716,607	\$ 209,433,213	\$ 174,527,678	\$ 151,257,321	\$ 139,622,142					
Bonds Payable Bond Authorized but Unissued	17,060,475 4,939,591	16,089,525 14,295,681								
Net Indebtedness (1) (2)	22,000,066	30,385,206	<u> </u>	-						
Debt Limitation in Excess of Indebtedness	\$ 82,716,541	\$ 179,048,007	\$ 174,527,678	\$ 151,257,321	\$ 139,622,142					
(1) The total of the above net indebtedness amounts to:										
In no event shall total indebted	ness exceed seven tir	nes the base for debt	limitation computation	:	\$ 325,784,998					

⁽²⁾ There is no overlapping debt.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 273,336,217 37,096,154	\$ 276,365,677 37,193,008	\$ 283,577,056 34,137,145	\$ 295,505,581 37,610,716	\$ 304,004,526 45,685,921	\$ 304,004,526 44,074,405	\$ 309,929,662 41,416,769	\$ 315,295,260 62,605,770	\$ 324,905,350 61,113,679	\$ 325,784,998 52,385,272
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 236,240,063	\$ 239,172,669	\$ 249,439,911	\$ 257,894,865	\$ 258,318,605	\$ 259,930,121	\$ 268,512,893	\$ 252,689,490	\$ 263,791,671	\$ 273,399,726
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	13.6%	13.5%	12.0%	12.7%	15.0%	14.5%	13.4%	19.9%	18.8%	16.1%

Note:

The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the Town exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation. The calculation of the 2022 debt limit can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Per			
Fiscal Year	Population (2)	Personal Income	Р	Capita ersonal come (1)	Median Age (2)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)
2013	15,052	\$ 630,422,916	\$	41,883	40.0	2,837	5.9%
2014	14,931	625,355,073		41,883	40.0	2,733	5.2%
2015	14,977	656,681,542		43,846	41.0	2,676	3.5%
2016	14,971	656,418,466		43,846	43.0	2,706	4.5%
2017	14,935	654,840,010		43,846	43.0	2,484	3.8%
2018	14,964	656,111,544		43,846	42.0	2,467	3.5%
2019	14,722	645,500,812		43,846	42.0	2,393	3.0%
2020	14,838	650,586,948		43,846	44.0	2,354	7.3%*
2021	14,713	645,106,198		43,846	44.0	2,281	4.8%
2022	14,713	645,106,198		43,846	44.0	2,217	5.0%

^{*} Impact of COVID related employee layoffs etc. As employees began to return to work in the following months, the unemployment rate began to decline. August, 2020 declined to 5.2%.

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 Census
- (2) Connecticut Economic Resource Center (CERC) Town Profile (2021)

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2022		2013				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Town of Tolland (1)	498	1	6.1%	507	1	6.4%		
Gerber Garment Technologies	290	2	3.5%	335	2	4.2%		
Woodlake at Tolland	262	3	3.2%	241	3	3.0%		
Big Y	189	4	2.3%	220	4	2.8%		
CNC Software	152	5	1.8%	146	5	1.8%		
Dari Farms				126	6	1.6%		
Standard Register				71	7	0.9%		
State Police Troop C	79	6	1.0%					
Star Hill Family Athletic Center	75	7	0.9%					
Eversource/Northeast Utilities	64	8	0.8%	62	9	0.8%		
Soldream, Inc.				60	10	0.8%		
NERAC, Inc.	39	9	0.5%	62	8	0.8%		
USDA	22	10	0.3%					
	1,670			1,830				

Notes:

(1): Full-time equivalents

Source: Assessor Office / Official Statements

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Administration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Planning and community development	5	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Community services	18	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Public works	32	31	32	32	31	31	31	32	32	32
Public safety services	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14
Records and financial services	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Total	86	82	84	84	83	84	84	85	86	86

Source: Accounting Department

June tax collector's report (current year only)

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

<u>Function</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Planning and community development:										
Residential permits (single family dwelling)	7	13	17	8	10	8	8	11	20	21
Commercial permits	34	21	22	24	66	51	65	22	21	25
Subdivision lots approved (P&Z Comm)	0	0	2	2	2	2	1	4	2	0
COs issued (P&Z Services) ***	28	195	15	20	14	19	8	8	20	20
Elderly services:										
Senior center attendance	8,231	8,311	8,070	9,246	9,701	9,021	10,334	7,758	871	9,506
Library:										
Total circulation	119,949	122,365	125,480	120,000	98,074	* 105,898	99,179	73,567	33,352	96,092
Attendance at library	77,231	77,630	75,996	70,933	60,000	* 71,000	97,098	77,977	69,310	57,783
Recreation:										
Youth programs and sports participation	1,853	1,858	1,835	2,092	1,806	1,640	1,657	1,479	498	1,100
Adult programs and sports participation	710	731	755	795	880	997	1,019	992	438	* 875
Refuse and recycling:										
Tons of refuse co-generated	4,348	4,256	4,325	4,347	4,180	4,252	4,391	4,549	4,729	4,623
Tons of single stream recycling	1,772	1,730	1,753	1,711	1,761	1,611	1,139	1,577	1,608	1,579
Public safety:										
Ambulance medical calls	1,135	1,235	1,272	1,307	1,338	1,285	1,356	1,349	1,582	2,090
Ambulance non-emergency calls	2,464	2,563	2,750	N/A						
Fire calls	516	405	525	525	478	470	515	512	637	214
Fire medical calls*	N/A									
Fire non-emergency calls	2,464	2,563	2,750	N/A						
Hazardous materials	46	33	40	29	32	33	34	35	32	163
Other calls/service calls**	869	368	375	237	322	314	353	307	331	203
Vehicle Accidents			131	139	117	115	120	94	105	162
Law enforcement:										
Criminal investigations	398	396	458	502	456	399	402	273	181	212
Motor vehicle accident investigations	234	251	316	266	288	252	261	208	163	242
Registrar of voters:										
Total registered voters	9,415	9,271	9,400	9,436	10,128	10,125	10,301	10,339	10,557	10,416
Revenue services:										
Total taxes collected	\$ 38,505,984	\$ 38,882,421	\$ 40,094,577	\$ 41,653,686	\$ 42,996,306	\$ 43,699,966	\$ 44,475,818	\$ 45,793,939	\$ 45,677,610	\$ 47,718,857

^{*} no longer used

Source : Department Heads

^{**} new in 2013

^{***} only for new houses starting in 2015

^{*} due to library expansion and being closed for 5 weeks

^{****} due to Senior Center/Recreation/Library being closed April, May and June of 2020 because of COVID-19. Senior Center did not open until April of 2021 with limitations, Recreation started with Winter programming on a very limited basis. Library partially opened as of July with limitations to programs.

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

<u>Function</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Municipal buildings	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Schools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parks and recreation:										
Fields - Municipal	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Fields - Schools	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Water:										
Water mains (Municipal) (miles)	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994	66,994
Water mains (Private) (miles)	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772	69,772
Fire hydrants (Public)	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
Fire hydrants (Private)	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Wastewater:										
Sewer line (feet)	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432	46,432
Highway:										
Paved miles	123.68	123.68	123.68	123.68	123.68	123.68	123.93	123.93	123.93	123.93
Unimproved miles	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85

Source: Accounting Department